

SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICING BYLAW 2919

Adopted May 7, 2018



THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF COURTENAY

BYLAW NO. 2919

A bylaw to regulate and require the provision of works and services in connection with the subdivision and development of land

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Courtenay, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. In this bylaw,

"Approving Officer" means the person appointed to that position under the *Land Title Act*, or a designate.

"Building Inspector" means a person designated to that position by the City of Courtenay.

"City" means the Corporation of the City of Courtenay.

"Construct" when used with respect to Works and Services referred to herein, means build, erect, install, repair, alter, add, enlarge, move, locate, relocate, rebuild, upgrade, demolish, remove, excavate or shore.

"Construction Costs" means the estimated construction costs of Works and Services as determined by the Qualified Professional and accepted by the Development Engineer.

"Contractor" means a person having a contract with a Developer or the City to construct Works and Services required by this Bylaw.

"Council" means the Council of the Corporation of the City of Courtenay.

"Developer" means the owner of land, or appointed agent for the owner, in respect of which a subdivision application or building permit application has been made.

"Development Engineer" means the person designated the Manager of the department responsible to approve subdivisions by the City of Courtenay, or a designate.

"Inspector" means a person who shall make inspections and tests, on behalf of the Developer, of any Works and Services being carried out to ensure compliance with this Bylaw.

"Master Municipal Construction Documents" means the most recent version of the Platinum Edition documents of that name issued by the Master Municipal Construction Documents Association including any revisions issued by the Association, as of the date of application for a subdivision or building permit referred to in Section 3 or Section 5 of this bylaw, respectively, which documents are incorporated into and form part of this bylaw.



"Qualified Professional" means a Professional Engineer who is registered or licensed to practice in British Columbia under the provisions of the *Engineers and Geoscientists Act*, who is responsible for the design, construction, supervision and certification of all Works and Services on behalf of the Developer.

"Security" means cash or a clean, unconditional, irrevocable and automatically renewing letter of credit drawn on a chartered bank or credit union having a branch in the City at which demand may be made on the letter of credit.

"Servicing Agreement" means an agreement between the Developer and the City for the construction and installation of Works and Services required under this Bylaw and pursuant to the *Local Government Act*.

"Subdivide" or "Subdivision" means:

- (a) a *subdivision* as defined in the *Land Title Act* including the adjustment of existing parcel boundaries; or
- (b) a *subdivision* as defined in the *Strata Property Act*.

"Works and Services" means the works and services a Developer is required to provide under this Bylaw, including all design, construction, installation and certification.

- 2. All *Works and Services* shall be designed by a *Qualified Professional* in accordance to this Bylaw, and adhere to all other *City* Bylaws, Provincial and Federal Regulations.
- 3. No person shall *subdivide* land in the *City* unless:
 - (a) the *Works and Services* required by this bylaw have been provided by the *Developer* to the satisfaction of the *Development Engineer*; or
 - (b) the Developer has entered into an agreement with the City to construct and install the required Works and Services by a date specified in the agreement, and provided to the City security in the amount determined by the Development Engineer, having regard to the cost of installing and paying for the Works and Services.
- 4. Section 3 does not apply:
 - (a) in relation to underground wiring, conduit and vaults, in the case of any *subdivision* resulting in the creation of fewer than 2 additional parcels in an area zoned for single-family residential use only, where the electrical and telephone services abutting the parcel being subdivided and all immediately abutting parcels are above-ground; or
 - (b) in relation to *Works and Services* of any type, in cases where the *Development Engineer* determines that the need for the *Works or Services* is not directly attributable to the *subdivision*, or to buildings likely to be constructed in the *subdivision*.
- 5. No person shall *construct* a building or structure in the *City* for which a building permit is required unless:





- (b) the Developer has entered into an agreement with the City to construct and install the required Works and Services by a date specified in the agreement, and provided to the City security in the amount determined by the Development Engineer, having regard to the cost of installing and paying for the Works and Services.
- 6. Section 5 does not apply:
 - (a) in relation to a building permit authorizing the construction of a single family dwelling whether or not the dwelling contains a secondary suite, or in relation to the construction of a two-family dwelling; or
 - (b) in relation to *Works and Services* of any type, in cases where the *Development Engineer* determines that the need for the *Works and Services* is not directly attributable to the building for which a building permit application has been made.
- 7. The *Development Engineer* may:
 - (a) from time to time, prescribe the form of *servicing agreement* referred to in sections 3 and 5, provided that each such agreement shall require the *Developer* to:
 - i. repair any deficiencies in design, materials or workmanship in the *Works and Services* that may arise during the Warranty Period following the completion of construction;
 - ii. provide to the *City* throughout the construction period performance, *security* in the amount of up to 125 percent of the *construction costs* in relation to the construction of the *Works and Services*;
 - iii. pay all applicable fees and charges associated with the application, review, administration and compliance of the *Works and Services*;
 - iv. carry third party liability insurance in an amount and form acceptable to the *City*, naming the *City* as an additional insured, in respect of claims arising out of death, personal injury or damage arising from the construction of the *Works and Services*; and
 - v. indemnify the *City* and save it harmless in respect of all costs and expenses it may incur as a result of faulty workmanship or defective material in the *Works and Services,* in respect of which the *City* has provided notice to the *Developer* prior to the *City*'s final acceptance of the *Works and Services;*
 - (b) execute and deliver such agreements on behalf of the City, and



- (c) require that such agreements be drafted in a form that is registrable under s. 219 of the *Land Title Act* against title to the land being subdivided or built upon.
- 8. The Works and Services required by this bylaw are the following:
 - (a) highways and lanes, boulevards including, without limitation, street trees, boulevard landscaping, irrigation, culverts, transit bays, sidewalks, walkways and pathways, cycling facilities, fences, bridges, retaining walls, curbs and gutters, traffic signs and signals, street lighting and conduit and vaults for underground wiring;
 - (b) water distribution systems connected to the *City*'s water distribution system including, without limitation, pipes, service connections, fire hydrant systems, valves and valve chambers, meters and meter chambers, pump stations and reservoirs;
 - (c) sewage collection systems connected to the *City*'s sewage collection system including, without limitation, pipes, service connections, inspection chambers, lift stations, manholes and sewage holding facilities; and
 - (d) drainage collection systems connected to the *City*'s drainage collection system including, without limitation, pipes, service connections, inspection chambers, catch basins, manholes, ditches, gates, stormwater retention and detention facilities, and environmental control facilities.
- 9. The *Works and Services* described in section 8 must, in all cases, be provided on that portion of any highway or lane immediately adjacent to the parcel that is the subject of the *subdivision* or building permit application, as the case may be, unless additional requirements are imposed under section 14.
- 10. The *Works and Services* required by sections 3 and 5 and under section 14 must be constructed and installed at the cost of the *Developer* to the standards set out in this Bylaw including its Schedules, and using only those materials and products as identified in the *City*'s Approved Products List, as amended from time to time.
- 11. If *Works and Services* of the type described in section 8 are already in existence on or in the highway or lane adjacent to a parcel being subdivided or on which a building is proposed to be constructed, and the *Works and Services* do not comply with the standards specified in section 10, the *Developer* must alter the *Works and Services* so that they comply with the standards, and the provisions of sections 3 and 5 regarding agreements and *security* apply to the alterations.
- 12. The Development Engineer may require a Developer to pay to the City:
 - (a) In lieu of constructing or altering Works and Services required by this bylaw, cash in the amount approved by the Development Engineer to be the cost of constructing or altering the Works and Services as of the time of approval of the subdivision or issuance of the building permit, if the Development Engineer determines on the basis of sound civil engineering practice or cost considerations that the works should be constructed or



altered at a later time or concurrently with the construction or alteration of *Works and Services* serving adjacent or nearby parcels of land, and in such cases the *City* shall deposit the funds into a reserve fund established for the construction or alteration of the *Works and Services*.

- (b) In the case of boulevard trees required by this bylaw, the *Developer* must pay to the *City*, in lieu of installing the trees, cash in the amount determined by the *Development Engineer* as the cost to procure and install the trees, which the *City* shall deposit into a reserve fund established for the installation of boulevard trees and apply to the cost of installing the trees, maintenance and replacement if the tree does not survive, at such time following the completion of all construction associated with the *subdivision* or development as the *Development Engineer* may determine. The *Developer* shall have no further obligations under this bylaw in respect of such boulevard trees after providing the cash payment required by the *Development Engineer*.
- 13. The Works and Services required by this bylaw shall be provided in dedicated highways, unless the *Development Engineer* has approved the location of the *Works and Services* in a statutory right of way granted to the *City*, in which case the statutory right of way, including any required plan of right of way, must be prepared at the cost of the *Developer*, in terms satisfactory to the *Development Engineer* and the *City* Solicitor, and deposited concurrently with the deposit of the *subdivision* plan in the case of a *subdivision* application and prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit in the case of a building permit application.
- 14. Any *Works and Services* required by this bylaw within an existing highway right-of-way shall be provided, at a minimum, to the centre line of the highway along the entire frontage of the property, except that all required utility upgrades for water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, natural gas, electrical, street lighting or telecommunications shall be provided within the entire right-of-way regardless of its location.
- 15. The *Council* delegates to the *Development Engineer* the powers of the *Council* under the *Local Government Act* to:
 - (a) require a *Developer* to *construct* excess or extended services as defined in Sections 507 of the *Local Government Act* other than any excess or extended services that are required by this bylaw in respect of all *subdivision* and building permit applications;
 - (b) determine whether the cost to the *City* to provide the excess or extended services would be excessive and, in that event, that the cost must be paid by the *Developer*;
 - (c) determine the benefit of the excess or extended service that may be attributed to each of the parcels of land that will be served by the services; and
 - (d) impose latecomer charges under Section 508 of the *Local Government Act* including interest at a rate determined by the *City* and established in the City of Courtenay Fees and Charges Bylaw No. 1673, 1992 as amended.



- 16. For the purpose of section 15, the *Development Engineer* may require the *Developer's Qualified Professional* to provide information specifying parcels of land that will be served by the excess or extended services and the benefit that each such parcel derives from the services, and execute and deliver on behalf of the *City* agreements with Developers regarding the collection and remittance of latecomer charges, which agreements may be combined with *Works and Services* agreements as referred to in sections 3 and 5.
- 17. All *Works and Services* shall be completed in accordance with the following portions of the *Master Municipal Construction Documents*, unless specifically modified herein.
 - (a) Volume II Master Municipal Specifications Division 01, 03, 06, and 31 to 34 inclusive including any relevant definitions in the Master Municipal General Conditions and excluding all provisions pertaining to measurement and payment;
 - (b) Volume II Standard Detail Drawings; and
 - (c) MMCD Design Guidelines.
- 18. The following schedules are attached to and form part of this Bylaw:

Schedule 1 – Supplementary Design Guidelines Schedule 2 – Supplementary Construction Specifications Schedule 3 – Supplementary Standard Detail Drawings Schedule 4 – Standards for Sanitary Lift Stations

- 19. The City of Courtenay Subdivision Control Bylaw No. 1401, 1986 as amended, is hereby repealed.
- 20. This bylaw may be cited as "Courtenay Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw No. 2919".

Read a first time this 19th day of February, 2018.

Read a second time this 19th day of February, 2018.

Read a third time this 3rd day of April, 2018.

Finally passed and adopted this 7th day of May, 2018.

SCHEDULE 1 SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES

This schedule contains supplementary design guidelines to be applied in conjunction with the Design Guideline Manual of the Master Municipal Construction Documents, dated 2014, both of which shall apply to all Works and Services constructed within the City of Courtenay.

Supplementary Design Guidelines contained within this Schedule supplement or supersede the Master Municipal Construction Document (MMCD). Where the City of Courtenay Supplementary Design Guidelines are in conflict with the MMCD, the City of Courtenay Supplementary Design Guidelines shall take precedence.

Section number and clause numbers in the City of Courtenay Supplementary Design Guidelines coincide with the MMCD numbering protocol.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION

- 1.0 GENERAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
 - 1.2 INDEPENDENT UTILITIES
- 2.0 WATER DISTRIBUTION
 - 2.2 METERING
 - 2.3 PER CAPITA DEMAND
 - 2.8 HYDRAULIC DESIGN
 - 2.9 MINIMUM PIPE DIAMETER
 - 2.14 VALVES
 - 2.15 HYDRANTS
 - 2.18 AIR VALVES
 - 2.21 SERVICE CONNECTIONS
 - 2.25 PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE (PRV) STATIONS
 - 2.25.2 DESIGN FEATURES
- 3.0 SANITARY SEWERS
 - 3.2 PER CAPITA FLOW
 - 3.8 FLOW VELOCITIES
 - 3.10 MINIMUM PIPE DIAMETER
 - 3.12 CURVED SEWERS
 - 3.14.1 LOCATIONS
 - 3.16.3 GRADE
 - 3.16.4 DETAILS
 - 3.18 PUMP STATIONS

4.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

- 4.1.1 DRAINAGE PLANNING
- 4.1.2 MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN
- 4.3.1 THE MINOR SYSTEM

- 4.3.2 THE MAJOR SYSTEM
- 4.3.3 STORMWATER DETENTION RELEASE RATES
- 4.4 RUNOFF ANALYSIS
- 4.9.6 MINIMUM PIPE DIAMETER
- 4.9.8 CURVED SEWERS
- 4.9.10 PIPE JOINTS
- 4.9.14 SERVICE CONNECTIONS
- 4.10.3 SURFACE FLOW CAPACITY
- 4.11.2 UNDERGROUND STORAGE
- 4.11.3 DRY DETENTION PONDS
- 4.11.4 WET DETENTION PONDS
- 4.11.5 SUBSURFACE DISPOSAL/INFILTRATION SYSTEMS
- 4.11.8 OIL AND GRIT SEPARATORS
- 4.11.10 ALTERNATE DESIGN STANDARDS
- 4.12 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (ESC)
- 5.0 ROADS
 - 5.3 CROSS-SECTION ELEMENTS
 - 5.4.2 VERTICAL CURVES
 - 5.7 RAILWAY GRADE CROSSINGS
 - 5.8 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
 - 5.9 CULS-DE-SAC
 - 5.9.1 TEMPORARY TURNAROUND
 - 5.10.1 TRAFFIC BARRIERS AT TEMPORARY CUL-DE-SAC AND TURNAROUNDS
 - 5.11.1 SIDEWALK
 - 5.11.2 PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS
 - 5.14.4 DRIVEWAY GRADES
 - 5.14.8 DRIVEWAY SURFACE
 - 5.15.3 SIGNS AND POLES
 - 5.15.4 TREES
 - 5.16 UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS
 - 5.17.3 PAVEMENT ALTERNATIVES
 - 5.21 STREET PARKING
 - 5.22 RETAINING WALLS

6.0 ROADWAY LIGHTING

- 6.1 GENERAL
- 6.2.2 STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES
- 6.5.1 LIGHT SOURCES AND LUMINAIRES
- 6.7 SIDEWALK LIGHTING
- 6.8 INTERSECTION LIGHTING
- 6.9 CROSSWALK LIGHTING
- 6.13 POLES
- 6.14 POLE FOUNDATIONS
- 6.15 LUMINAIRES
- 6.16 POWER SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION
- 6.17.4 DRAWING REQUIREMENTS

7.0 TRAFFIC SIGNALS

- 7.3.1 CODES, RULES AND REGULATIONS
- 7.4 SIGNAL HEADS
- 7.8 SIGNAL PRE-EMPTION
- 7.9 AUDIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS
- 7.11 DETECTION METHODS
- 7.15 POLES AND FOUNDATIONS
- 7.18 POWER SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION
- 7.19 UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLIES (UPS'S)
- 7.21 DRAWING REQUIREMENTS

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES GENERAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS



1.0 GENERAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

1.2IndependentAdd SectionUtilities1.2.1

Design for location and relocation of Canada Post Mailbox shall be coordinated with Canada Post.

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES WATER DISTRIBUTION



2.0 WATER DISTRIBUTION

2.2	Metering	Replace Section	For all single family residential homes without fire sprinklers the water meter setter size shall be 25mm except in the case where there is a demonstrated need for a larger meter. All other meters must be sized in accordance with AWWA M22 and form contained in Appendix A. It should be noted that this methodology is based on the fixture value method and not the fixture unit method employed in the BC Building Code for piping within buildings.
			The maximum operating range for a water meter shall be less than 80% of the maximum instantaneous flow capacity as outlined by the meter manufacturer, with a maximum pressure loss of 48 kPa at the design flow rate. The size selection must not compromise the operating range or the long term life of the meter and must ensure that pressures supplied to property are appropriate for the intended use.
			For developments that are proposed to be phased, the meter chamber and piping must be sized for the meter required for the ultimate buildout of the development. However, the initial meter installed must also be sized to accurately capture the range of flows for the first phase.
			The Qualified Professional must ensure the meter selection and installation requirements are appropriate for the designed application.
			A Qualified Professional must provide detailed sealed drawings and shop drawings of the installation and relevant calculations, to demonstrate the appropriateness of the sizing of the meter, for approval prior to installing the chamber.
2.3	Per Capita Demand	Replace Section	In the absence of reliable water consumption records, the following per capita demands shall be applied to future residential development:
			 ADD: 635 L/c/d Peak Day: 2100 L/c/d

• Peak Hour: 3000 L/c/d



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2.9	Minimum Pipe Diameter	Delete	Service Connections: 19mm				
		Replace with	Service Connections: 25mm				
2.14	Valves	Delete	 The valves shall be the same diameter as the watermain up to 300mm diameter The main line valves on mains 350 mm and 400 mm diameter may be smaller by one (10 size with the use of proper reducers The main line valves on mains 450 mm diameter and larger may be smaller by two (2) sizes with the use of proper reducers 				
		Replace with	• The main line valves on mains of all sizes shall be of the same nominal diameter as the watermain.				
2.15	Hydrants	Add Bullet	 STORZ connection must face the road or cul-de-sac at 90 degrees. 				
2.18	Air Valves	Replace Section	Combination air valves must be installed at the summits of all mains of 200 mm diameter and larger, except as follows:				
			 Where the difference in elevation between the summit and valley is less than 600 mm. Where it can be shown that air pockets will be carried by typical flows. Where active service connections are suitably located to dissipate trapped air. Typical air valve sizes, subject to design analysis, are as 				
			follows (Table 2.18)				
			Table 2.18 Typical Air Valve sizes				
			Watermain Size Valve Size				
			200 mm to 300 mm 25 mm				
			350 mm to 600 mm 50 mm				
			Larger than 600 mm Special Design				
			Air Valves located in a flood plain shall be of a manual permanent blow type				
2.21	Service Connections	Add to Section	Every legal lot and each unit of residential duplex must be provided with a separate service connection.				



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2.25.2 Design Features	Replace Section	General requirements for pressure reducing stations shall be as follows:
		Include a dual Pressure Reduction Valve (PR

- Include a dual Pressure Reduction Valve (PRV) arrangement with separate domestic and fire flow PRV's.
 - Epoxy coated valve bodies both inside and out.
 - Fire flow PRV must be equipped with a position indicator (limit switch).
 - Domestic flow PRV must be equipped with position indicator and insertion flow meter.
 - Filters shall be provided on all valve control piping.
 - All piloting shall be set to fail close.
- Include a surge/high pressure relief valve with stainless steel mesh dechlorination basket (capable of housing a minimum of 8 – 65mm dechlorination pucks).
- Pressure relief valves and surge relief valves to include anti-cavitation trim where recommended by the manufacturer based on site specific differential pressures.
- Each PRV and surge relief valve must be provided with isolating valves such that individual components can be removed for repair and each component can be operated independently.
- Pressure gauges and pressure transducers complete with snubbers and isolating valves must be included to register both upstream and downstream pressure.
- All piping and fittings, including control piping, must be stainless steel;
- Grooved couplings must be included to assist in disassembly of piping as required.
- All equipment and controls must be mounted in an above ground secure, lockable cabinet, on a concrete foundation. The cabinet shall be as follows:
 - Include two separate compartments, including one for the electrical controls and another for the mechanical piping and valves. All compartments must be heated, lighted and the controls enclosure must be ventilated.
 - Include removable roof hatch above the Mechanical compartment.



- Fabricated from powder coated aluminum.
- Include a rubber gasket between the aluminum kiosk and the concrete to prevent water leakage into the kiosk.
- The PRV station include 8 hours of uninterruptible power (UPS) and a user control interface (HMI).
- The PRV station must be integrated with the City's SCADA system via ethernet or cellular telephone connection to monitor at a minimum:
 - PRV valve position.
 - Utility failure.
 - Access intrusion.
 - Limits switches.
 - High pressure relief.
 - Flow data.

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES SANITARY SEWERS



3.0 SANITARY SEWERS

3.2	Per Capita Flow	Replace Section	In the absence of sanitary sewer flow records, sanitary sewer system design should be based on an average daily dry weather flow (ADWF) of 360 litres per day per capita (L/d/c).
3.8	Flow Velocities	Delete	 Force mains: 0.75 m/s
		Replace with	 Force mains: 0.9 m/s
3.10	Minimum Pipe Diameter	Replace Section	The minimum pipe diameter is 200mm.
	Diameter		Sewers must be designed to satisfy the following parameters:
			 200mm diameter and less: d/D < 0.5. 250mm diameter: d/D < 0.7. 300mm diameter and greater: d/D < 0.8.
3.12	Curved Sewers	Replace Section	On straight roads, sanitary sewers shall be installed in straight runs such that sewer mains and manholes are entirely under the road pavement and no closer than 1m to the curb. Curvilinear sewers are permitted on horizontal curves and shall have a constant offset from property line. The radius of curve shall not exceed 50% of the manufacturer's recommended maximum and shall not be less than 60m. The minimum grade shall be 1% and each joint shall be located by survey. Manholes are to be installed at the beginning and end of horizontal curve sections. Curvilinear sewers are not permitted on vertical curves The minimum design velocity design velocity in curved sewers is 0.9 m/s.
3.14.1	Locations	Replace Section	 Manholes are required at the following locations: Every change of pipe size. Every change in grade. Every change in direction. Every pipe intersection except for 100 mm and 150 mm service connections and junctions with trunk sewers 900 mm diameter and larger. Every future pipe intersection.



0			
3.14.2	Hydraulic Details	Replace Table	 150 m maximum spacing for pipe diameters up to 450 mm. 300 m maximum spacing for pipe diameter of 450 mm and larger. Every beginning and end of horizontal curves. Table 3.14 Drop Structures
		3.14	
			Invert Difference Structure
			Up to 0.25 m Inside Ramp
			0.25 to 0.90 m Outside Ramp
			Greater than 0.90 m Outside Drop*
			*Inside drop structures are not permitted
			·
		Delete Sentence	If a manhole drop cannot be avoided, an inside drop pipe is required.
3.16.3	Grade	Delete	• 100 mm diameter pipe: 1.50%
		Replace with	• 100mm diameter pipe: 2% min.
3.16.4	Details	Replace Section	Use standard wye fittings for connections to new mains. For connections to existing mains, strap on saddle and insertable tees are permitted.
			The service connection centreline must not be below the sewer main centreline.
			Residential service connections are not to be connected to manholes. All wye connections to be a minimum of 1.0 m downstream from manhole.
			Inspection chambers are required on residential connections. Control manholes are required on industrial connections and commercial connections. Inspection manholes are required on service connections 200mm diameter and larger. Connections exceeding 30 m in length will be treated as mains.
3.18	Pump Stations	Replace Section	Replace this section with the document "Standards for Sanitary Lift Stations", provided in Schedule 4.

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES STORMWATER MANAGEMENT



4.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

- 4.1.1 Drainage Planning Add Section 4.1.1 The Developer shall prepare such plans prior to approval of the development applications. Such plans shall provide an in-depth review of stormwater opportunities and constraints on a specific watershed, and take into consideration the potential impacts and remediation measures for the affected watercourses. Submission requirements for Developers are in accordance with 2014 MMCD Design Guideline Manual Stormwater Management Section 4.2: Stormwater Control Plan. 4.1.2 Master Drainage Add Section 4.1.2 The Master Drainage Plan (MDP), Watershed Plan Plan (WP) or Integrated Stormwater Management Plan (ISMP) proposes an optimum drainage servicing strategy that meets the ultimate land use in the watershed. If a City MDP is not available, developments with a cumulative phased development area greater than 5 hectares are required to provide an acceptable MDP. The proposed MDP must address all identified constraints and provide the following information as required: Conceptual schemes for storm drainage servicing including trunk storm sewers, catchment detention ponds, minor and major flow routes, and erosion protection. Department of Fisheries & Oceans and BC Ministry of Forests, Lands, Natural Resource Operations and & Rural Development review.
 - Hydrological and hydraulic model of predevelopment and ultimate development condition.
 - Bio-inventory of creeks and watercourses.
 - Hydrogeological Impact Assessment (in areas where DFO and MOE jointly require its consideration).
 - Inventory of watercourses and trunk drainage facilities.
 - Sizes and performance requirements of catchment detention areas.
 - Priority of MDP recommendations.



4.3.1	The Minor System	Replace Section	Consists of pipes, gutters, catch basins, driveway culverts, open channels, watercourses and stormwater management "best management practices" (BMPs) designed to capture, convey, treat or modify flows up to and including the 1 in 10 year return period storm event.
4.3.2	The Major System	Replace Section	Consists of surface flow paths, roadways culverts, watercourses, and stormwater management facilities designed to capture, convey, treat or modify larger flows up to and including the 1 in 100 year return period storm event.
			If required to accommodate low building elevations, and if approved, a piped minor system may be enlarged or supplemented to accommodate major flows.
4.3.3	Stormwater Detention Release Rates	Add Section 4.3.3	All stormwater detention facilities shall be designed to limit post-development peak flows to equal to the corresponding pre-development peak flows for the 1 in 2, 1 in 5, 1 in 10 and 1 in 25 year return period storm events. Overland escape routes must be provided to account for greater storms up to 1 in 100 year return period in a manner which does not result in flooding of any properties. Design rainfall intensities have been increased by 15% as indicated in Section 4.4.
			The total volume of runoff generated during storms can also have a significant impact on receiving watercourses. To the extent possible, the total runoff generated from storms should be minimized through the application of site adaptive planning and the use of source controls. Site adaptive planning focuses on limiting total imperviousness at development sites and preserving natural features such as wetlands, forests and native soils. Source controls focus on reducing volume by retaining or enhancing opportunities for infiltration and evapotranspiration on development sites.
			Discharge shall be controlled such that the downstream watercourses receiving outflow from detention facilities are protected from surcharge and erosion. Where stability cannot be maintained, measures to avoid or mitigate erosion shall be proposed.



4.4	Runoff Analysis	Delete Bullet	 Hydrograph Method: Applicable for all areas larger than 10 hectares, more hydrologically complex catchments, and where stormwater management systems require more than basic conveyances. The computer program proposed for use is subject to approval by the local authority. The program should be selected to suit the complexity of the watershed and the hydrologic processes that need to be considered (e.g. detention, groundwater recharge and infiltration, evapotranspiration, continuous simulation, etc.) The most widely used programs (or software packages) are those that are SWMM based, however are constantly evolving, it is inappropriate for this guide document to state or endorse any particular ones.
		Replace with	 Hydrograph Method: Applicable for complex systems involving multiple catchments with highly variable land use conditions, where flow attenuation features are involved (eg. detention pond, constructed wetland), or for gross areas exceeding 10 hectares. Computer models shall be based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's SWMM software.
		Add Bullet	 Mass Balance: Volumetric based computations may be used to supplement flow analysis for the design of water quality treatment BMPs and BMPs intended for stormwater detention.
		Add to Section	Computer stormwater models shall utilize the 10 and 100 year return period design storm hyetographs provided in Table 4.4.2. These hyetographs have been derived using the Modified Chicago Distribution for a 24 hour storm duration. The hyetographs have also been adjusted to reflect a 15% increase in rainfall intensities.
			Note: Performance of the drainage systems may be under the influence of ocean levels and pump stations, and therefore may surcharge under certain conditions. Aside from the runoff analysis method



applied, hydraulic grade lines shall be indicated in design drawings and associated system performance shall consider governing downstream hydraulic boundary conditions.





Tir	ne			Return F			
Minutes	Hours	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr
15	0.25	21.3	36.7	47.2	60.7	70.8	80.9
30	0.5	16.3	26.9	34.1	43.1	49.9	56.7
60	1	12.5	19.5	24.1	29.9	34.3	38.6
120	2	9.5	14.7	18.2	22.6	25.9	29.1
360	6	6.8	9.7	11.6	14.0	15.7	17.5
720	12	5.1	6.7	7.8	9.1	10.1	11.1
1440	24	3.5	4.5	5.2	6.1	6.8	7.4

Table 4.4.1: IDF Curve Intensity Table Summary15% Increase from Historical Intensities (mm/hr)

Note: 15 and 30 minute durations have been extrapolated from historical IDF Curve

Table 4.4.2: Interpolation Equation of IDF Curve – Historical Data R = A * T^B where: R = Rainfall (mm/hr), A and B = Coefficients, based on return period

Parameters	Return Frequency								
	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr			
Α	11.0	17.5	21.9	27.3	31.4	35.5			
В	-0.386	-0.452	-0.477	-0.499	-0.511	-0.521			

Note: Coefficients are based on Historical Data - 15% must be added to resulting intensities



Table 4.4.3: Modified Chicago Distribution – 24 Hr Design Storm Data (10 Minute Increment) 15% Increase from Historical Intensities (mm/hr) Years of Record: 1964-1995 (35 Years)

	Return Frequency					— ())	Return Frequency				
Time (min)	2 year	5 year	10 year	25 Year	100 year	Time (min)	2 year	5 year	10 year	25 Year	100 year
0	2.29	2.64	2.91	3.24	3.76	490	6.65	9.19	10.86	12.86	15.84
10	2.31	2.66	2.94	3.28	3.80	500	6.28	8.60	10.12	11.94	14.67
20	2.33	2.69	2.98	3.32	3.85	510	5.97	8.11	9.52	11.20	13.72
30	2.35	2.72	3.01	3.36	3.90	520	5.72	7.70	9.02	10.58	12.93
40	2.38	2.76	3.05	3.40	3.95	530	5.49	7.35	8.59	10.06	12.26
50	2.40	2.79	3.09	3.45	4.01	540	5.30	7.05	8.22	9.60	11.68
60	2.43	2.82	3.13	3.49	4.07	550	5.13	6.79	7.89	9.20	11.17
70	2.45	2.86	3.17	3.54	4.12	560	4.98	6.55	7.60	8.85	10.73
80	2.48	2.90	3.21	3.59	4.19	570	4.84	6.34	7.34	8.54	10.33
90	2.51	2.93	3.26	3.65	4.25	580	4.72	6.15	7.11	8.25	9.97
100	2.54	2.97	3.30	3.70	4.32	590	4.60	5.98	6.90	8.00	9.65
110	2.57	3.02	3.35	3.76	4.39	600	4.50	5.82	6.71	7.76	9.35
120	2.60	3.06	3.40	3.82	4.46	610	4.40	5.67	6.53	7.55	9.08
130	2.63	3.11	3.46	3.88	4.54	620	4.31	5.54	6.36	7.35	8.84
140	2.67	3.15	3.52	3.95	4.62	630	4.23	5.41	6.21	7.17	8.61
150	2.70	3.21	3.58	4.02	4.71	640	4.15	5.29	6.07	7.00	8.39
160	2.74	3.26	3.64	4.10	4.80	650	4.08	5.19	5.94	6.84	8.19
170	2.78	3.32	3.71	4.17	4.89	660	4.01	5.08	5.82	6.69	8.01
180	2.83	3.38	3.78	4.26	5.00	670	3.94	4.99	5.70	6.55	7.84
190	2.87	3.44	3.85	4.35	5.11	680	3.88	4.90	5.59	6.42	7.67
200	2.92	3.51	3.93	4.44	5.22	690	3.83	4.81	5.49	6.30	7.52
210	2.97	3.58	4.02	4.54	5.35	700	3.77	4.73	5.39	6.18	7.37
220	3.03	3.66	4.11	4.65	5.48	710	3.72	4.66	5.30	6.07	7.24
230	3.08	3.74	4.21	4.77	5.62	720	3.67	4.58	5.22	5.97	7.11
240	3.15	3.83	4.31	4.89	5.78	730	3.62	4.51	5.13	5.87	6.99
250	3.21	3.92	4.43	5.03	5.94	740	3.58	4.45	5.05	5.77	6.87
260	3.29	4.03	4.55	5.18	6.13	750	3.53	4.39	4.98	5.68	6.76
270	3.37	4.14	4.69	5.34	6.33	760	3.49	4.33	4.91	5.60	6.65
280	3.45	4.27	4.84	5.52	6.55	770	3.45	4.27	4.84	5.52	6.55
290	3.55	4.41	5.00	5.71	6.79	780	3.42	4.21	4.77	5.44	6.45
300	3.65	4.56	5.19	5.93	7.07	790	3.38	4.16	4.71	5.36	6.36
310	3.77	4.73	5.39	6.18	7.38	800	3.34	4.11	4.65	5.29	6.27
320	3.90	4.93	5.63	6.46	7.73	810	3.31	4.06	4.59	5.22	6.18
330	4.05	5.15	5.90	6.79	8.13	820	3.28	4.01	4.53	5.15	6.10
340	4.23	5.41	6.21	7.17	8.61	830	3.25	3.97	4.48	5.09	6.02
350	4.43	5.72	6.59	7.62	9.18	840	3.21	3.92	4.43	5.03	5.94
360	4.68	6.09	7.04	8.17	9.87	850	3.18	3.88	4.38	4.97	5.87
370	4.98	6.56	7.61	8.86	10.74	860	3.16	3.84	4.33	4.91	5.80
380	5.37	7.16	8.34	9.76	11.88	870	3.13	3.80	4.28	4.85	5.73
390	5.89	7.98	9.36	11.00	13.47	880	3.10	3.76	4.24	4.80	5.66
400	6.66	9.22	10.90	12.90	15.90	890	3.08	3.73	4.19	4.75	5.60
410	8.00	11.43	13.68	16.37	20.39	900	3.05	3.69	4.15	4.70	5.54
420	11.84	18.14	22.30	27.33	34.86	910	3.03	3.66	4.11	4.65	5.48
430	25.10	44.93	58.80	76.25	103.14	920	3.00	3.62	4.07	4.60	5.42
440	12.39	19.06	23.47	28.80	36.78	930	2.98	3.59	4.03	4.56	5.36
450	9.84	14.55	17.65	21.37	26.93	940	2.96	3.56	3.99	4.51	5.31
460	8.54	12.33	14.82	17.79	22.24	950	2.93	3.53	3.96	4.47	5.26
470	7.71	10.93	13.05	15.57	19.35	960	2.91	3.50	3.92	4.43	5.20
480	7.11	9.94	11.80	14.02	17.34	970	2.89	3.47	3.89	4.39	5.15



T ime (()	Return Frequency									
Time (min)	2 year	5 year	10 year	25 Year	100 year					
980	2.87	3.44	3.85	4.35	5.10					
990	2.85	3.41	3.82	4.31	5.06					
1000	2.83	3.38	3.79	4.27	5.01					
1010	2.81	3.36	3.76	4.23	4.97					
1020	2.80	3.33	3.73	4.20	4.92					
1030	2.78	3.31	3.70	4.16	4.88					
1040	2.76	3.28	3.67	4.13	4.84					
1050	2.74	3.26	3.64	4.10	4.80					
1060	2.73	3.24	3.61	4.06	4.76					
1070	2.71	3.21	3.58	4.03	4.72					
1080	2.69	3.19	3.56	4.00	4.68					
1090	2.68	3.17	3.53	3.97	4.64					
1100	2.66	3.15	3.51	3.94	4.61					
1110	2.65	3.13	3.48	3.91	4.57					
1120	2.63	3.11	3.46	3.88	4.54					
1130	2.62	3.09	3.44	3.86	4.51					
1140	2.60	3.07	3.41	3.83	4.47					
1150	2.59	3.05	3.39	3.80	4.44					
1160	2.58	3.03	3.37	3.78	4.41					
1170	2.56	3.01	3.35	3.75	4.38					
1180	2.55	2.99	3.32	3.73	4.35					
1190	2.54	2.97	3.30	3.70	4.32					
1200	2.52	2.96	3.28	3.68	4.29					
1210	2.51	2.94	3.26	3.65	4.26					
1220	2.50	2.92	3.24	3.63	4.23					
1230	2.49	2.91	3.22	3.61	4.20					
1240	2.47	2.89	3.21	3.59	4.18					
1250	2.46	2.87	3.19	3.56	4.15					
1260	2.45	2.86	3.17	3.54	4.12					
1270	2.44	2.84	3.15	3.52	4.10					
1280	2.43	2.83	3.13	3.50	4.07					
1290	2.42	2.81	3.12	3.48	4.05					
1300	2.41	2.80	3.10	3.46	4.03					
1310	2.40	2.78	3.08	3.44	4.00					
1320	2.39	2.77	3.06	3.42	3.98					
1330	2.38	2.76	3.05	3.40	3.95					
1340	2.37	2.74	3.03	3.38	3.93					
1350	2.36	2.73	3.02	3.37	3.91					
1360	2.35	2.72	3.00	3.35	3.89					
1370	2.34	2.70	2.99	3.33	3.87					
1380	2.33	2.69	2.97	3.31	3.84					
1390	2.32	2.68	2.96	3.29	3.82					
1400	2.31	2.66	2.94	3.28	3.80					
1410	2.30	2.65	2.93	3.26	3.78					
1420	2.29	2.64	2.91	3.25	3.76					
1430	2.28	2.63	2.90	3.23	3.74					
1440	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					





4.9.6	Minimum Pipe Diameter	Replace Section	 Storm Sewer 250 mm Culvert: -Crossing Roads 450 mm -Crossing Driveways 300 mm Catch Basin Leads 200 mm Service Connections: -Residential 150 mm -Commercial/industrial
			Downstream pipe sizes are not to be reduced unless the downstream pipe is 600 mm diameter or larger and increased grade provides adequate capacity. Detailed hydraulic analysis is required. That maximum reduction is two pipe sizes.
4.9.8	Curved Sewers	Replace Section	On straight roads, storm sewers shall be installed in straight runs such that sewer mains and manholes are entirely under the road pavement and no closer than 1m to the curb. Curvilinear sewers are permitted on horizontal curves and shall have a constant offset from property line. The radius of curve shall not exceed 50% of the manufacturer's recommended maximum and shall not be less than 60m. The minimum grade shall be 1% and each joint shall be located by survey. Manholes are to be installed at the beginning and end of horizontal curve sections. Curvilinear sewers are not permitted on vertical curves The minimum design velocity in curved sewers is 0.9 m/s.
			Sewers larger than 600 mm diameter may include deflections formed by mitred bends to a maximum mitre of 45°.
4.9.10	Pipe Joints	Replace Section	All pipe joints shall be gasketed and water tight.
4.9.14	Service Connections	Delete	 Details Use standard wye fittings for connections to new mains. For connections to existing mains, use wye saddles or, if approved, insertable tees.

Service connections may be permitted into manholes if:



			· · · · · ·
			 The connection is not oriented against the flow in the main. Manhole hydraulic requirements are met.
		Replace with	 Details
			Use standard wye fittings for connections to new PVC and HDPE mains. For connections to existing PVC and HDPE mains, strap on saddle and insertable tees are permitted. For connections to new or existing concrete mains, a cored tee is required.
			The service connection centreline must not be below the sewer main centreline.
			No services shall be directly connected to manholes, all wye connections must be a minimum of 1.0 m downstream from manholes.
4.10.3	Surface Flow Capacity	Add to Section	Surface swale shall only traverse three lots downstream before directing into a surface inlet. The swale shall be included in an across lot drainage easement.
4.11.2	Underground Storage	Add to Section	Other detention facilities such as underground storage will be considered for approval at the discretion of the City.
4.11.3	Dry Detention Ponds	Add to Section	Design Details for Dry Ponds
			Dry ponds are an effective method of stormwater quantity control, and are typically not intended as water quality improvement facilities. Dry ponds may be constructed in areas where it is not feasible to include a wet pond due to topography or site plan constraints. Generally, dry ponds are used to control larger, less frequent flows while allowing smaller flows to pass through uncontrolled. A sedimentation forebay is required upstream of dry ponds to promote settlement of suspended solids.
			a) Land Dedication Requirements
			Dry ponds to be operated by the City of Courtenay are to be located on public property, which is to



encompass all lands subject to inundation from the 24 hour 1 in 25 year return period design high water level and shall encompass all maintenance access roads as outlined in Section i) below.

If the slope integrity may be jeopardized by cutting or filling of priority lots, a restrictive covenant will be placed on lots abutting the dry pond to control lot development so as not to compromise design requirements at the HWL. This is to ensure an adequate freeboard is maintained.

b) <u>Minimum Pond Size</u>

The City discourages the proliferation of large numbers of small ponds, with the resultant higher maintenance cost and lower efficiency impact. The storage size is determined on the basis of outflow control requirements as presented in this document.

c) <u>Frequency of Operation</u>

All dry ponds shall be off-line storage areas designed to temporarily detain excess runoff and thereby reduce the peak outflow rates to the connected downstream system. These facilities may be subject to prolonged inundation during winter due to the rainfall pattern in Courtenay.

d) Drain Time

Ponds shall be generally designed to completely drain within 40 hours of reaching maximum water surface level, but in no case longer than 72 hours.

e) <u>Side Slopes</u>

Side slopes subject to inundation upon filling of the dry pond shall have a maximum slope of 4 (horizontal) to 1 (vertical) within public property. A freeboard allowance of 0.6 m is required for all dry ponds.

f) <u>Depth of Ponding</u>

The maximum live storage limit in a dry pond is for 3.0 m for the 1 in 25-year return period storm event and



1.5 m for the 1 in 10-year event, as measured from the invert elevation of the outlet pipe.

g) Bottom Grading and Drainage

The dry pond shall be graded to properly drain all areas after its operation. The dry pond bottom shall have a minimum slope of 0.5% and a slope of 0.7% or greater is recommended where feasible. Lateral slopes for the pond bottom shall be 0.5% or greater. French drains or similar means may be required where it is anticipated that these slopes will not properly drain the dry pond bottom, or where dictated by multiple use or other special considerations.

h) Safety Provisions at Inlets and Outlets

All inlet and outlet structures associated with dry ponds shall have grates provided over their openings to restrict access. A maximum clear bar spacing of 0.150 m shall be used for gratings. Grated outlet structures, are to be designed with a hydraulic capacity of at least twice the required capacity to allow for possible plugging. Further, the arrangement of the structures and the location of the grating shall be such that the velocity of the flow passing through the grating will not exceed 1.0 m/s.

Appropriate fencing and guard-rails are to be provided to restrict access and reduce the hazard presented by structure head and wing walls.

i) Maintenance Access Requirements

A minimum 4.0 m wide, all-weather vehicle access shall be constructed from a public road to the inlet, sediment sump, outlet, emergency overflow and other works requiring maintenance. The maximum grade of the access shall be 8%. The surface shall be finished with gravel topped with path chip, geogrid, or rigid grass suitable for all weather maintenance truck access. A vehicle access route shall also be provided to the edge of all stormwater management ponds suitable to carry maintenance vehicles. This access shall also extend to the pond static (normal) water level. The access surface shall include a 1.0 m buffer from top of pond and an additional 1.0 m from edge of



access road to the edge of dedicated lands, and shall be accessible from and extend to a public road rightof-way. Sharp bends in this access route are to be avoided. Vehicle turning movements must accommodate a tandem axle 60,000lb flush truck and tandem axle dump truck.

j) <u>Landscaping</u>

Landscaping plans shall be submitted as part of the Engineering Drawings for dry ponds, and the completion of landscaping will be considered part of the improvement construction. The minimum requirement for landscaping of dry ponds shall be the establishment of grass cover. Preference should be given to use of native plant materials and, in no case, should non-native, aggressive ("invasive") plant materials be used.

k) <u>Sediment Control</u>

Use of storm ponds for sediment control is acceptable during construction of the first phase of a development, and must be remediated prior to acceptance of the Works and Services by the City of Courtenay. The City may accept the use of storm ponds for sediment control for multiple phases of a development if the appropriate maintenance agreement is established and the appropriate security is provided by the developer. The required security is 125% of the estimated remediation cost.

I) Operation and Maintenance Manual

Three copies of an operation and maintenance manual shall be submitted when the facility is completed and transferred to the Municipality and include:

- Record drawings of the completed facility.
- Brief description of the facility operation including design flows, design depths, and schematic diagrams of the inlet and outlet structures, connections, controls, valves, bypass, overflows, etc.
- List of manufacturer's operation, service and repair instructions and parts lists.



- Volume-stage-discharge relationships of all control structures.
- General maintenance requirements and emergency procedures.
- Copies of senior government environmental approvals if applicable.

Design Details for Wet Ponds

Wet ponds are well suited for both quality and quantity control of stormwater runoff. Wet ponds incorporate a permanent pool which rises in response to rainfall events. Extended storage durations and strategic planting in the active storage zone can further improve water quality. Sedimentation forebays should still be incorporated upstream of wet ponds for preliminary settlement of larger suspended solids.

a) Land Dedication Requirements

Wet ponds to be operated by the City of Courtenay are to be located on Public property which is to encompass all lands subject to inundation from the 24 hour 1 in 25 year return period design high water level plus the edge treatment. This designation will also apply to all rights-of-way for access to and protection of inlet and outlet sewers and flow control facilities, maintenance access routes to the pond, and to a certain proportion of the lands fronting on the pond, from the upper edge of the area containing the edge treatment to the limit of the water's edge when the water surface is at the design high water elevation.

A restrictive covenant and/or a limit for the Minimum Building Elevation (MBE) will be placed upon those lots abutting the pond to guide lot development that design requirements of the stormwater storage facility are not compromised and that an adequate freeboard is maintained.

b) Minimum Pond Size

The City discourages the proliferation of large numbers of small ponds, with the resultant higher

4.11.4 Wet Detention Ponds Add to Section


maintenance cost and lower efficiency impact. The storage size is determined on the basis of outflow control requirements as presented in this document.

c) Drain Time

Ponds shall be generally designed to drain to normal water surface level within 40 hours of reaching maximum water surface level, but in no case longer than 72 hours.

d) <u>Side Slopes</u>

Areas covered by water, from the design high water level down to the normal water level shall have a maximum slope of 7 (horizontal) and 1 (vertical) and extend at a maximum slope of 7:1 (H:V), from normal water level to a depth of 0.43 m (i.e., a distance of 3 m horizontally into the pond for safety needs). Steeper side slopes, up to 4:1 (H:V), may be considered for areas separated from the public by a Concrete Rail Fence. A slope of 4:1 (H:V) shall be used from the 0.43 m depth point (below normal water level) to the pond bottom.

e) Minimum Depth

The minimum depth from normal water level to pond bottom (beyond the side slope area) shall be 1.5 m. The maximum live storage limit in a wet pond is for 3.0 m for the 1 in 25-year return period storm event and 1.5 m for the 1 in 10-year event, as measured from the invert elevation of the outlet pipe. A freeboard allowance of 0.6 m is required for all wet ponds.

f) Pond Bottom Material

For areas where the ground water table is below the Normal Water Level (NWL), the pond bottom and side slopes are to be composed of impervious material with a suitably low permeability (e.g. with a permeability coefficient in the order of 1×10^{-6} cm/s).

For areas where the groundwater table is expected to be near or above the NWL, the pond bottom may be of a pervious material as dictated by geotechnical considerations.



g) **Circulation Requirements**

Narrow and/or dead bay areas where floating debris may accumulate are to be excluded at the design stage. Inlets and outlets should be located with consideration of the need to maximize detention time and circulation within the pond water body.

- h) Inlet and Outlet Requirements
- Submergence of Inlets and Outlets

Inlet and outlet pipe inverts are to be a minimum 0.1 m above the pond bottom. Forebays are to be constructed on pond bottom to accommodate extra depth requirements for placing inlet/outlet structures, as required.

Provision for Free Outfall from Inlets to Ponds

Where feasible, the invert elevation at the first manhole upstream from the pond in a minor system or the connecting or interconnecting pipe system, shall be at or above the normal water level of the pond to avoid deposition of sediments in the inlet pipe. To avoid backwater effects on the upstream sewers leading to the pond, the obvert of the inlet sewer at the first manhole upstream from the pond shall be at or above the pond level for the 1 in 10-year return period storm event. A drop structure upstream from the pond will generally be required to achieve this. "Inlet" and "outlet" control calculations are required to verify the mode of operation of the pond inlets. In cases where grades set limits on the above, special maintenance needs, such as periodic flushing/cleaning must be identified.

Provisions for Water Level Measurements

To permit direct measurement of water level in the pond, a manhole is to be provided hydraulically connected to the pond such that the level of water in the manhole will mimic the pond water surface level.

Provisions for Lowering the Pond Level

The provision of the means to drain the pond completely by gravity drainage is desirable. Where a gravity drain is not feasible, provisions are to be made in association with the outlet works or otherwise, so that mobile pumping equipment may be installed and used to drain the pond.

i) Sediment Removal Provisions

The pond design shall include an approved sedimentation removal process for control of heavy solids, which may be washed to the pond during the construction period associated with the development of the contributing drainage catchment.

Sediment basins shall be provided at all inlet locations for continued use after completion of the subdivision development. Stormwater storage/detention ponds shall not take the place of a development's sediment control storage basin.

j) Pond Edge Treatment

Edge treatment or shore protection is required and shall be compatible with the adjacent land use. The treatment used shall meet criteria for low maintenance, safety and habitat requirements. The edge treatment is to cover ground surfaces exposed or covered by water during a pond level fluctuation to 0.3 m below or above the normal water elevation, and shall be adequate to prevent erosion of the pond edge due to wave action. The typical acceptable edge treatment shall be, but is not limited to, a 250 mm deep layer of well graded washed rock with a 75 mm minimum size or alternatively appropriate edge vegetation.

k) Maintenance Access Requirements

A minimum 4.0 m wide, all-weather vehicle access shall be constructed from a public road to the inlet, sediment sump, outlet, emergency overflow and other works requiring maintenance. The maximum grade of the access shall be 8%. The surface shall be finished



with gravel topped with path chip, geogrid, or rigid grass suitable for all weather maintenance truck access. A vehicle access route shall also be provided to the edge of all stormwater management ponds suitable to carry maintenance vehicles. This access shall also extend to the pond static (normal) water level. The access surface shall include a 1.0 m buffer from top of pond and an additional 1.0 m from edge of access road to the edge of dedicated lands, and shall be accessible from and extend to a public road rightof-way. Sharp bends in this access route are to be avoided. Vehicle turning movements must accommodate a tandem axle 60,000lb flush truck and tandem axle dump truck.

I) Landscaping Requirements

Landscaping plans for areas bounding the pond shall be submitted as part of the Engineering Drawings. Landscaping of all proposed public lands included for purposes of the pond and of all proposed lands dedicated to the City for storm ponds on proposed private property, including all areas from the pond edge treatment to the limit of inundation when the pond is filled to the design high water level, is to be part of the pond construction requirement. The minimum requirement for landscaping shall be the establishment of grass cover. Native plant materials must be used.

m) Sediment Control

Use of storm ponds for sediment control is acceptable during construction of the first phase of a development, and must be remediated prior to acceptance of the Works and Services by the City of Courtenay. The City may accept the use of storm ponds for sediment control for multiple phases of a development if the appropriate maintenance agreement is established and the appropriate security is provided by the developer. The required security is 125% of the estimated remediation cost.



n) Operation and Maintenance Manual

			 Three copies of an operation and maintenance manual shall be submitted when the facility is completed and transferred to the Municipality and include: Record drawings of the completed facility. Brief description of the facility operation including design flows, design depths, and schematic diagrams of the inlet and outlet structures, connections, controls, valves, bypass, overflows, etc. List of manufacturer's operation, service and repair instructions and parts lists. Volume-stage-discharge relationships of all control structures. General maintenance requirements and emergency procedures. Copies of senior government environmental approvals if applicable.
4.11.5	Subsurface Disposal / Infiltration Systems	Delete	 May be located on-site or off-site
		Replace With	 Must be located on-site
4.11.8	Oil and Grit Separators	Replace Section	Oil and Grit Separators are required for sites with parking for 11 or more vehicles. Oil and Grit Separators must be in compliance with Building Bylaw 2323 and Storm Sewer Bylaw 1402, as amended. The maximum hydraulic loading rate (HLR) will be 27 L/s/m2. At the target HLR, the unit will be capable of settling coarse particles of D50 > 0.115mm at 5 C and specific gravity of 2.65, and capturing free oil droplets of D50> 0.465mm at 5 °C and assuming a specific gravity of 0.88 for a "typical" motor oil. The target effluent shall meet a TSS removal rate of 85%.
4.11.10) Alternate Design Standards	Add Section 4.11.10	The application of Sustainability Considerations, as described in Section 8.0 of the MMCD Design Guidelines 2014, as well as the Province's

"Stormwater Planning: A Guide for British Columbia" (May 2002), will be considered on a case by case basis

by the City where practical.



CITY OF COURTENAY SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES

4.12 Erosion and Add to Section Sediment Control (ESC) Project specific ESC plans shall be prepared by a Qualified Professional and included with engineering drawing submissions. ESC plans are to include, at minimum:

- ESC plan drawing clearly indicating types and locations of BMP installations
- Notes describing any BMP phasing, inspection and documentation requirements, and good housekeeping practices
- Detail drawings of BMPs with specific material and installation requirements

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES ROADS



ROADS

- 5.0 ROADS
- 5.3 Cross-Section Elements
 Replace Section Refer to the Courtenay Supplementary Standard Drawings for typical road cross sections for each road classifications. Typical road cross sections are to be applied where identified in the Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 2387, Road Network Map No. 3. Design speeds of the typical road sections are provided in Table 5.4 below.
 5.4.2 Vertical Curves Replace Table 5.4 Replace Table 5.4 as follows:

Table 5.4 Alignment Standards

	Design Speed	Min. Radius		ade %)		K-V rest ırves		Sag	Sight D	mum vistance n)
Classification	(km/h)	(m)	Min	Max	Min.	Desir.	Min.	Desir.	Stopping	Decision
Arterial Road Section: B	60	120	0.5	8	10	13	8	9	95-235	95-235
Collector Road Section: Urban – P	50	85	0.5	10	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Collector Road Section: Urban – B	50	85	0.5	10	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Collector Road Section: Residential – C	50	85	0.5	10	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Collector Road Section: Residential – B	50	85	0.5	10	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Collector Road Section: Residential	50	85	0.5	10	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Collector Road Section: Rural	60	120	0.5	10	10	13	8	9	95-235	95-235
Local Road Section	50	35	0.5	12	6	7	5	6	75-200	75-200
Lane	30	25	1.0	12	2	4	2	4	45	-
Driveway Multi-Family	30	-	0.5	12	2	4	2	4	45	-
Driveway Single Family	-	-	0.5	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emergency Access ⁸	30	12	1.0	15	2	4	2	4	45	-
Pedestrian Ramps	-	-	1.0	8.3 ⁶	-	-	-	-	-	-

5.7 Railway Grade Replace Section Crossings

Locations and details of railway grade crossings are subject to requirements included in the latest edition of the Transportation Canada Grade Crossing Standards.



Turnarounds

Railway crossing signs and pavement marking shall be in accordance with Transportation Canada Grade Crossing Standards.

5.8 Traffic Control Replace Section Traffic control devices, signs, and pavement marking must be in accordance with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Canada. Pavement markings shall be thermoplastic and should be installed within 7 days of the final pavement lift on a clean and dry surface.

5.9 Culs-De-Sac Delete The maximum road length for a cul-de-sac, as measured from the edge of the intersecting through road to the centre of the cul-de-sac bulb, is 200m

Replace with The maximum road length for a cul-de-sac, as measured from the edge of the intersecting through road to the centre of the cul-de-sac bulb, is 300m

- 5.9.1 Temporary Turnaround Add Section 5.9.1 Where a road terminates and there is future access to lands beyond; a turnaround shall be provided in a form acceptable to the City, and may be located on private property if protected by a right-of-way and covenant registered in favour of the City. The turnaround shall be signed as a 'fire access' with no parking allowed. The right-of-way and covenant shall be discharged when the road connection is completed.
- 5.10.1 Traffic Barriers at Add Section 5.10.1 A concrete barrier shall be located at the end of a temporary cul-de-sac and turnarounds.
 De-Sac and
- 5.11.1 Sidewalk Replace Section Sidewalk location and width shall be as per Courtenay Standard Detail Drawings for typical road cross sections for different road classifications. Minimum cross fall for sidewalk shall be 2% towards the gutter, except at driveway letdowns.
- 5.11.2 Pedestrian Replace Section The warrant for pedestrian crossings must be considered as part of a broader analysis process which should include an understanding of existing site conditions, pedestrian and traffic volumes, and pedestrian accessibility. This can be evaluated utilizing TAC Pedestrian Crossing Control Guide.



		The pedestrian crossing width can range from a minimum of 2.5 m to as wide as 4.0 m. (TAC Design Guidelines, Section 2.3.14.1). The pavement marking and signage configuration for crossings must be designed in accordance with TAC. Wheel chair ramps from sidewalks, medians and traffic islands to crosswalks must be provided at intersections and multiuse pathways. Locations and details of ramps and related pedestrian safety features must be in accordance with local bylaws and the TAC Geometric Design Guide. Sidewalks, crosswalks, and pedestrian facilities must be designed in accordance with the following guidelines:
		 TAC Geometric Design Guideline, 1999 (Section 2.2.6, Section 2.3.14, Section 3.3) TAC – Pedestrian Crossing Control Manual, 2012 Pedestrian Crossing Control Manual for British Columbia, Second Edition, 1994 BC Ministry of Transportation – Manual of Standard Traffic Signs & Pavement Markings
5.14.4 Driveway Grades	Delete Sentence	For the first 10 m on private property, the maximum driveway grade is 15% if accessing a local or collector road.
	Replace with	For the first 10 m on private property, the maximum driveway grade is 12% if accessing a local or collector road.
5.14.8 Driveway Surface	Add Section 5.14.8	New or altered driveways shall be concrete or asphalt within the road right-of-way.
5.15.3 Signs and Poles	Delete Sentence	Use of minimum clearance should be justified by safety appurtenances such as poles with break-away or frangible bases or sign poles of light weight fabrication.
5.15.4 Trees	Replace Section	Provide 1 boulevard tree per single residential or duplex dwelling lot where required. For all other developments provide 1 boulevard tree per 15-22m of lot frontage and/or flankage.
		Boulevard trees are required on the same side of the street as sidewalks and are not required on rural roads.



Boulevard trees are to be located where there is a minimum space of 1.5m between the sidewalk and back of curb. Horizontal clearance from edge of driveway, curb return or above ground utility to tree trunk is 2.5m. Boulevard trees are to be located no closer than 6m from the adjacent street right of way at intersections.

Boulevard trees are to be a minimum of 3cm caliper.

The cost for each boulevard tree shall be \$800.00. The cost includes the price of the tree, installation that may include root barriers, maintenance and replacement if the tree does not survive.

The Developer shall provide a boulevard tree layout plan showing the location and number of trees and the location of utilities, prepared by a Qualified Professional to the satisfaction of the Development Engineer.

- 5.16 Underground Replace Section Underground utility locations within a road right-of-Utility Locations Replace Section Underground utility locations within a road right-ofway will vary with the road cross section. Refer to the Courtenay Supplementary Standard Drawings for the general location of underground utilities and minimum separation requirements within the various cross sections.
- 5.17.3 Pavement Replace Section Pavement structure design must be based on site specific recommendations provided by a Qualified Professional and shall include the minimum pavement structure identified in the City of Courtenay Supplementary Standard Detail Drawing for the relevant road classification.
- **5.21 Street Parking** Replace Section Refer to the Courtenay Standard Drawings for parking configuration for different road classifications.
- 5.22 Retaining Walls Add Section 5.22 Retaining wall shall be a maximum of 2.4 m in height. Where larger retaining walls heights are required, they must be constructed as a stepped wall. The step must have a minimum width of 1.8 meters or 75% of the height of the highest adjacent wall.

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES ROADWAY LIGHTING



6.0 ROADWAY LIGHTING

6.1	General	Add to Section	Relevant publications of the Illuminating Society of North America (IESNA) including RP-8-14
6.2.2	Standards and Guidelines	Add to Section	IESNA – Illuminating Engineering Society of North America IDA – International Dark-Sky Association
6.5.1	Light Sources and Luminaires	Delete	Light sources shall be LED, Induction, High Pressure Sodium or Pulse Start Metal Halide. The selection process shall be based on a review of energy efficiency, cost/benefit (installation and operational) and optical performance which shall be undertaken in consultation with the jurisdiction that will own and operate the lighting.
		Replace with	Light sources shall only be LED. The selection process shall be undertaken in consultation with the City of Courtenay and will only include luminaire manufacturers listed in the current version of the City's Approved Product List. All streetlights shall include flat lenses.
			If BC Hydro lease lights are used, they shall meet BC Hydro requirements.
6.7	Sidewalk Lighting	Delete	Sidewalk lighting levels for various pedestrian activity levels are defined in Figure 6.3, Sidewalk Illuminance Table below.
		Replace with	Sidewalk lighting levels for various pedestrian activity levels are defined in Figure 6.7, Sidewalk Illuminance Table below.
6.8	Intersection Lighting	Delete	Intersection lighting levels for various street types and pedestrian activity levels are defined in the Intersection Horizontal Illuminance Table 6.4 below.
		Replace with	Intersection lighting levels for various street types and pedestrian activity levels are defined in Figure 6.8 Horizontal Illuminance Table below.
6.9	Crosswalk Lighting	Delete	This can be achieved by placing poles in advance of the crosswalk (see Figure below) to create high levels of



ROAD LIGHTING

			vertical illumination thus improving driver visibility of pedestrians.
		Replace with	This can be achieved by placing poles in advance of the crosswalk (see Figure 6.5 below) to create high levels of vertical illumination thus improving driver visibility of pedestrians.
6.13	Poles	Delete	For rural roads, if approved by the local authority and the power company, lights may be installed on power poles.
		Replace with	Luminaires may be installed on power poles, if approved by the City and BC Hydro.
6.14	Pole Foundations	Delete	Where soil conditions are in question a geotechnical engineer must be consulted to define the suitability of the base for the given soil's condition.
		Replace with	Where standard MMCD foundations are not suitable for site soil conditions, custom foundations will be required, and shall be designed, signed and sealed by a Qualified Professional registered as a Professional Engineer in the province of British Columbia.
6.15	Luminaires	Delete	 Colour temperature shall not exceed 4500 kelvin.
		Replace with	 LED luminaire colour temperature shall not exceed 3000 kelvin.
6.16	Power Supply and Distribution	Delete	Lighting system shall be fed via a service base or pole mounted cabinet which shall contain panel boards, breakers, lighting contactor(s) and photocell bypass switch as per MMCD Standard Specifications and Drawings.
		Replace with	Lighting system shall be fed via a pad mount or pole mount cabinet which shall contain panel boards, breakers, lighting contactor(s) and bypass switch as per MMCD Standard Detail Drawings and Specifications.
		Delete	Power is generally supplied by the utility through an un-metered service when servicing only streetlights and traffic signals; however, some utility power providers may require metered services.



ROAD LIGHTING

	Replace with	Power is generally supplied by the utility through an un-metered service when servicing only streetlights and traffic signals unless metering is required by BC Hydro.
	Delete	Services are to be "Underground Dip" type as shown on the MMCD Standard Specifications and Drawings unless otherwise accepted by the local Municipality/City
	Replace with	Services are to be "Underground Dip" type as shown on the MMCD Standard Specifications and Drawings or overhead drops, as specified on the design drawings.
6.17.4 Drawing Requirements	Add to Section	 Design submissions for City approval shall include relevant load calculators for signal and sign poles as well as other relevant engineering calculations and design drawings
		 Record drawings submissions shall include 3 - ½ size paper copy sets of drawings as well as pdf and AutoCAD electronic files of drawings
	Delete	Design drawings shall be submitted for approval along with signed and sealed computer lighting calculations.

SUPPLEMENTARY DESIGN GUIDELINES TRAFFIC SIGNALS



7.0 TRAFFIC SIGNALS

- 7.3.1 Codes, Rules and Add to Section Regulations
- 7.4Signal HeadsReplace Figure7.4.2
- BC Motor Vehicle Act, Motor Vehicle Act Regulations, Division 23

Replace Figure 7.4.2 as follows:

Table 7.4.2 Signal Head Sizes

			Signal Head Type	Area Classification Lens Size and Shape
			Primary	300 mm round
			Secondary and	300 mm round
			Auxiliary	300 mm round
			Pedestrian	Combination walk/don't walk indication 300 mm square
7.8	Signal Pre-Emption	Add to Section	•	actuated emergency pre- e-emption equipment to be eft most signal head.
7.9	Audible Pedestrian Signals	Add to Section	The City utilizes Accessib	le Pedestrian Signals.
7.11	Detection Methods	Replace Section	Traffic detection for sigr by:	al actuation is accomplished
			the road surface. The a vehicle by the chan change is sensed by traffic control cabine	os (induction) op is a coil of wire buried in e coil detects the presence of ge in electrical induction. This the detector module in the et. Detector loop details are CD Standard Detail Drawings.
7.15	Poles and Foundations	Add to Section	for site soil conditions, required, and shall be de	foundations are not suitable custom foundations will be signed, signed and sealed by registered as a Professional of British Columbia
7.18	Power Supply and Distribution	Add to Section	pole mount cabinet whic	all be fed via a pad mount or th shall contain panel boards, ctor(s) and bypass switch as d Detail Drawings and



Power is generally supplied by the utility through an un-metered service when servicing only streetlights and traffic signals unless metering is required by BC Hydro.

Services are to be "Underground Dip" type as shown on the MMCD Standard Detail Drawings and Specifications or overhead drops, as specified on the design drawings.

AutoCAD electronic files of drawings

7.19 Uninterruptible Delete UPS's are required where traffic signals are **Power Supplies** interconnected by grade crossing warning systems as (UPS's) per Transport Canada. UPS's shall be considered where power outages are a concern or the intersection is in a high collision or a high risk area. Uninterruptible power supplies shall be utilized at all Replace with new traffic signal installations. 7.21 Add bullets Drawing Design submissions for City approval shall include Requirements relevant load calculators for signal and sign poles as well as other relevant engineering calculations and design drawings Record drawings submissions shall include 3 - 1/2 size paper copy sets of drawings as well as pdf and

SCHEDULE 2 SUPPLEMENTARY CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS



CONSTRUCTION SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIFICATIONS

This schedule contains supplementary specifications to be applied in conjunction with the Specifications of the Master Municipal Construction Documents, dated 2009, both of which shall apply to all Works and Services constructed within the City of Courtenay.

Supplementary Specifications contained within this Schedule supplement or supersede the Master Municipal Construction Document (MMCD). Where the City of Courtenay Supplementary Specifications are in conflict with the MMCD, the City of Courtenay Supplementary Specifications shall take precedence.

Section number and clause numbers in the City of Courtenay Supplementary Specifications coincide with the MMCD numbering protocol.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION

- 01 55 00STRAFFIC CONTROL, VEHICLE ACCESS AND PARKING01 57 01SENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
- 26 56 01S ROADWAY LIGHTING
- 31 05 17S AGGREGATES AND GRANULAR MATERIALS
- 33 11 01S WATERWORKS
- 33 30 01S SANITARY SEWERS
- 33 40 01S STORM SEWERS
- <u>33 44 01S</u> MANHOLES AND CATCHBASINS
- <u>34 41 13S</u> TRAFFIC SIGNALS



MMCD Section 01 55 00S TRAFFIC CONTROL, VEHICLE ACCESS AND PARKING

1.0 GENERAL Add 1.0.6 The Contractor is responsible for all temporary traffic control required to complete the Work. The Contractor will be responsible to provide a Traffic Management Plan (TMP) for review and acceptance by the City (10) ten working days prior to any travel lane closures taking place. TMP is to be prepared by a qualified professional.

The TMP shall outline the approach to traffic management, show recognition and minimization of risks indicates signing locations, identify Traffic Control Persons (TCP) stations, show lane shifting and proposed closures.

The TMP is to be revised and resubmitted as required during the progress of the work



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

MMCD Section 01 57 01S

- 1.0 GENERAL
- 1.2 Temporary Erosion Add 1.2.1.4 and Sediment Controls
- An Erosion & Sediment Control (ESC) Plan must be prepared by a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control. The ESC Plan is to be reviewed by the City prior to the start of construction. Protection of the site and watercourses to which it drains, directly or indirectly, against erosion and siltation must be maintained in accordance with the ESC Plan until the *Works* are completed or as directed by the *Contract Administrator*.

The *Contractor* is responsible for all damage that may be caused by water backing up or flowing over, through from or along any part of the *Work* or otherwise resulting from their operations.

- Add 1.2.1.5 Keep existing culverts, drains, ditches and watercourses affected by the Work clear of excavated material at all times. When it is necessary to remove or alter any existing drainage structure, provide suitable alternative measures for handling the drainage. Adequately support culverts and drainpipes across trenches to prevent displacement and interference with the proper flow of water due to trench settlement.
- Add 1.2.1.6 Sweep streets, and clean catch basins, manhole sumps, detention tanks, and maintain siltation controls as often as the Contract Administrator deems necessary.
- Add 1.2.1.7 Follow all Federal and Provincial regulations and guidelines respecting protection of fish, fish habitat, and watercourses.
- 1.4Environmental
ProtectionAdd 1.4.3.5Immediately contain and clean up any leaks and
spills of prohibited materials at the Place of Work.



1.9

Add 1.4.3.6 The Contractor shall report any leaks or spills of prohibited materials to the BC Provincial Emergency Program. Following the report to the Province, the Contractor shall then immediately notify the Contract Administrator of the Spill and all other actions taken. Add 1.4.3.7 Ensure that no equipment fueling or servicing is conducted within 15 metres of a stream and spill provisions are in place prior to fueling and/or servicing. Archaeological / Immediately cease work and inform the Contract Add 1.9.1 **Historical Resources** Administrator, if any archaeological or historical resources are encountered during construction.

them in any way.

Leave these resources in place and do not disturb

SS | pg. 3



ROADWAY LIGHTING

2.0	PRODUCTS

2.1

2.14

Luminaires

following

General	Delete 2.1.2 and replace with the following	All products supplied to be new, in accordance with Contract Documents. All products are to meet Canadian Electrical Code requirements and be certified by either CSA, ULC, or Intertek Testing Systems (Warnock Hersey) and be supplied with the certifier's label.

- 2.8 Conductors and Cables Delete 2.8.1 and replace with the following Conductors: 600V, conductor size (AWG) as noted on contract drawings, stranded copper or aluminum type with RW90 polyethylene insulation, to conform to CSA C22.2 No. 38, 90 °C and colour coded per CEC.
 - Add 2.8.5 Minimum conductor size to be as follows, unless specified otherwise on Contract Drawings:
 - .1 No 8 AWG copper or No 6 AWG aluminum for feeder conductors in conduit.
 - .2 No 8 AWG copper or No 6 AWG aluminum for bond conductors in conduit.
 - .3 No 12 AWG copper for luminaire conductors in poles.
 - Delete 2.14.1 and
replace with theLED luminaires shall be listed on the current edition
of the City of Courtenay Approved Products list.

		Delete 2.14.2	
		Delete 2.14.5 and replace with the following	 Decorative luminaires to have: .1 Vandal resistant features .2 Photo-control receptacle .3 Powder coat finish .4 Quick disconnect terminations
2.19	Service Panels	Add 2.19.1	Type 40A 120/240V, 60A 120/240V roadway lighting and 100A 120/240V combination roadway lighting / traffic signal, per Contract Drawings to include items listed within the Section 34 41 13 - Traffic Signals - 2.11.2 and Standard Detail Drawing E7.1 to E7.9



3.0	EXECUTION		
3.3	Concrete Bases	Add 3.3.7	All concrete bases shall be pre-cast concrete only, unless noted on Contract Drawings or directed by the Contract Administrator.
3.4	Junction Boxes and Vaults	Add 3.4.5	All junction boxes shall be provided with RPVC bars to support electrical connections and fuse holders. The RPVC bars shall be attached into the junction box side walls with the electrical connections/fuse holders tie- wrapped in place and installed in the up-right position.
3.5	Underground Conduit	Add 3.5.6	Conduits shall be blown out with compressed air, from both ends if necessary, then swabbed with the appropriate size mandrel to remove stones, dirt, water and other material which may have entered during installation.
		Add 3.5.7	Conduit shall not be bent in the field. Only factory bends will be accepted.
3.8	Wiring	Delete 3.8.11 and replace with the following	Bond all luminaires and receptacles with No. 12 RW90 copper green conductor, and steel junction box lids with No. 8 RW90 copper green conductor.
		Add 3.8.12	Aluminum conductors shall be spliced with H-Tap compression connections or equivalent. Spliced connections shall be completed using an anti-oxidant compound complete with split bolt connector. Spliced connections shall be wrapped with self-fusing rubberized tape and then completely covered with PVC tape.
3.13	Pole Finish Application	Delete 3.13 and replace with the following	.1 Pole finish: Hot dip galvanized or powder coat.2 Power coat colour to be confirmed with City



MMCD Section 31 05 17S AGGREGATES AND GRANULAR MATERIALS

- 2.0 PRODUCTS
- 2.11 Recycled Aggregates containing recycled material may be Delete 2.11.1 and utilized if approved by the Contract Administrator. A Aggregate Material replace with the maximum of 25% recycled aggregate may be used in following sub-base gravel, and a maximum of 15% recycled aggregate is permitted in base gravel. In addition to meeting all other conditions of this specification, recycled material should not reduce the quality of construction achievable with quarried materials. Recycled material shall consist only of aggregates, crushed portland cement concrete, or asphalt that is free of impurities.
- 2.13 Path Chip

Add Clause 2.13.1:

To be crushed gravel conforming to following gradations:

Sieve	Percent		
Designation		Passing	
9.5mm		100	
4.75mm	80	-	100
2.36mm	40	-	60
1.18mm	20	-	40
0.6mm	10	-	30
0.3mm	8	-	20
0.15mm	5	-	15
0.075mm	3	-	10



MMCD Section 33 11 01S

WATERWORKS

1.0 GENERAL

1.7

2.3

2.5

2.6

Valves and Valve

Connections, Pipe,

Joints and Fittings

Boxes

Service

Hydrants

- Scheduling of Delete 1.7.5 and replace with the following Or accidental interruption of water supply. After hours phone number to be identified at the project initiation meeting.
- 2.0 PRODUCTS
- 2.1 General Delete 2.1.1 and replace with the following Delete 2.1.1 and replace 2.1.1 and replace 2.1.1 and r
- 2.2 Mainline Pipe, Joints and Fittings
 Delete 2.2.4.8.1 and replace with the following
 Delete 2.2.4.14.1.8 and
 Flange gaskets to be manufactured from black natural rubber 3.175mm thick.
 Tapping machine must have provision for pressure testing.
 - Delete 2.3.6.2 and Valve box riser to be 150mm diameter PVC C900. replace with the
 - Copper tubing joints to be compression type suitable for 1100 kPa working pressure.
 - Delete 2.6.1.6.3 Pump nozzle shall be "quick connect" STORZ type.
 - Delete 2.6.2 and Colour: As specified in the approved products list
 - replace with the following

replace with the

Delete 2.5.5 and

replace with the

and replace with the following

following

following

following



3.0 EXECUTION

3.17	General Procedure Flushing, Testing, and Disinfection	Add 3.17.7	Contractor shall record locations of installed testing point locations as per paragraph 1.7.2.2 under Section 01 33 01 Project Record Documents.
3.18	Cleaning and Preliminary Flushing	Delete 3.18.2 and replace with the following	Isolation of existing water system where required will be performed by the City. Do not operate any existing valves.
3.23	Connection to Existing Mains	Delete 3.23.1 and replace with the following	Connections to the existing waterworks system will be made by the City or by the Contractor under supervision of the City. Contractor to make all necessary scheduling arrangements with the City to prevent construction delays.
		Add 3.23.2	Isolation of existing water system where required will be performed by the City. The Contractor shall not operate any existing valves.
		Add 3.23.3	The contractor is to schedule a "pre-construction" meeting to occur a minimum of one (1) week prior to connection to the existing waterworks system. This meeting will include, at minimum, the Contractor, Contract Administrator, and City of Courtenay Public Works in attendance. The purpose of this meeting is to review all pre-connection documentation, public notifications, and works to be completed by both the Contractor and City of Courtenay.



DIVISION 33 UTILITIES SANITARY SEWERS

MMCD Section 33 30 01S

GENERAL

1.0

SANITARY SEWERS

1.1	Related Work	Add the following to 1.1	.5 CCTV Inspection of Pipelines Section 33 01 30.1
2.0	PRODUCTS		
2.3	Service Connections	Delete 2.3.8.2	
3.0	EXECUTION		
3.8	Connections to Existing Mainline Pipes	Delete 3.8.3 andreplace with the following	Connection to existing PVC mainline sewers to be as shown on Contract Documents or approved by Contract Administrator. Coring of pipe to be done with the proper size and type of coring bit. Use saddle for connections more than two sizes smaller than mainline. For less than two sizes, manufactured wye shall be used.
3.18	Video Inspection	Add the following to 3.18.1	The Contractor shall complete CCTV video inspection prior to completing paving works and again prior to the expiry of the maintenance period. CCTV Video inspection shall be completed for all gravity mains including service connections.



2.0

MMCD Section 33 40 01S

PRODUCTS

STORM SEWERS

2.6	Service Connections	Delete 2.6.1 and replace with the following	Storm sewer service connections to be 150 mm minimum diameter; maximum diameter as specified on Contract Drawings
3.0	EXECUTION		
3.12	Inspection and Testing	Add 3.12.4	The Contractor shall complete CCTV video inspection prior to completing paving works and again prior to the expiry of the maintenance period. CCTV Video inspection shall be completed for all gravity mains including service connections.



MM	ICD Section 33 44 01S	MANHOLES	S AND CATCHBASINS
1.0	GENERAL		
1.1	Related Work	Add 1.1.6	Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete Pavement Section 32 12 16
		Add 1.1.7	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Section 32 13 13
3.0	EXECUTION		
3.3	Manhole Installation	Delete 3.3.15 and replace with the following	Install drop structures where required to Standard Detail Drawings S3. Inside drop structure shall not be permitted.



MMCD Section 34 41 13S

TRAFFIC SIGNALS

- 2.0 PRODUCTS
- 2.1 General Delete 2.1.2 and All products supplied to be new, in accordance with Contract Documents. All products are to meet replace with the following Canadian Electrical Code requirements and be certified by either CSA, ULC, or Intertek Testing Systems (Warnock Hersey) and be supplied with the certifier's label. 2.16 Traffic and Delete 2.16.2 and Yellow as indicated on the contract drawings, **Pedestrian Signals** complete with 50 mm wide ASTM VI retro-reflective replace with the
- following tape around the outer edge. 2.20 **Audible Signals** Delete 2.20.1 and The City utilizes APS audible signals which are specified in the current edition of the City's Approved replace with the following Product list.
 - Delete 2.22.1 and LED luminaires are specified in the current edition of replace with the the City's Approved Products list. following
 - Delete 2.22.5 and Decorative luminaires to have: replace with the 1. Vandal resistant features following 2. Photo-control receptacle

Delete 2.22.2

- 3. Powder coat finish
- 4. Quick disconnect terminations

All concrete bases shall be pre-cast concrete only,

wrapped in place and installed in the up-right position.

- 2.27 Video Detection Delete 2.27 System
- 3.0 EXECUTION

2.22

Luminaires

- 3.3 **Concrete Bases** Add 3.3.7
- Junction Boxes Add 3.4.5 3.4
- unless noted on Contract Drawings or directed by the Contract Administrator. All junction boxes shall be provided with RPVC bars to support electrical connections and fuse holders. The and Vaults RPVC bars shall be attached into the junction box side walls with the electrical connections/fuse holders tie-



3.5	Underground Conduit	Add 3.5.6	Conduits shall be blown out with compressed air, from both ends if necessary, then swabbed with the appropriate size mandrel to remove stones, dirt, water and other material which may have entered during installation.
		Add 3.5.7	All conduits entering traffic controller cabinets shall be sealed with "Duct Seal".
		Add 3.5.8	Conduit shall not be bent in the field. Only factory bends will be accepted.
3.7	Traffic and Pedestrian Signal Head Mounting	Delete 3.7.4 and replace with the following	Completely cover all traffic and pedestrian signal heads with dark coloured pre-manufactured signal cover bags from the time they are installed until system startup.
3.16	Traffic Controller	Add 3.16.8	Traffic cabinet interior shall be kept dry during inclement weather.
3.22	Pole Finish Application	Delete 3.22.1 and replace with the following	Pole finish: Hot dip galvanized or powder coat. Powder coat colour to be confirmed with the City

SCHEDULE 3 SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS

SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS

This schedule contains supplementary standard detail drawings to be applied in conjunction with the Standard Detail Drawings of the Master Municipal Construction Documents, dated 2009, both of which shall apply to all Works and Services constructed within the City of Courtenay.

Supplementary Standard Detail Drawings contained within this Schedule supplement or supersede the Master Municipal Construction Document (MMCD). Where the City of Courtenay Supplementary Standard Detail Drawings are in conflict with the MMCD, the City of Courtenay Supplementary Standard Detail Drawings shall take precedence.

Drawing numbers in the City of Courtenay Supplementary Standard Detail Drawings coincide with the MMCD numbering protocol.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DETAIL DRAWING

CSSD A1 CSSD A2 CSSD A3 CSSD L1 CSSD CRu CSSD CRe CSSD CRB CSSD CRC CSSD CUB CSSD CUP CSSD CUP CSSD AB CSSD R2	ALTERNATIVE DESIGN STANDARD 1: MULTI-USE PATH ALTERNATIVE DESIGN STANDARD 2: GRAVEL TRAIL ALTERNATIVE DESIGN STANDARD 3: LANE LOCAL ROAD SECTION COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RURAL COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL – B COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL – C COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: URBAN – B COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: URBAN – P ARTERIAL ROAD SECTION: B MINIMUM PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS
CSSD R3	CUL-DE-SAC
CSSD R4	HAMMERHEAD TURNAROUND (PRIVATE ROADS)
CSSD R5	STREET NAME SIGN AND BASE DETAIL
CSSD R6	TYPICAL BULB OUT LOCATION AND DETAILS
CSSD C7b CSSD C7c CSSD C8a CSSD C10 CSSD C12	DRIVEWAY CROSSING FOR BARRIER CURBS - TYPE 2 DRIVEWAY CROSSING FOR BARRIER CURBS - TYPE 3 WHEELCHAIR RAMP FOR SIDEWALK, INFILL AND BARRIER CURBS CONCRETE WALKWAY REMOVABLE BOLLARD
CSSD E2.1	ROUND PLASTIC JUNCTION BOXES
CSSD I1 CSSD I2 CSSD I3	IRRIGATION CONNECTION IRRIGATION SWING JOINT TYPICAL INSTALLATIONS LARGE LINE / TWIN BACKFLOW VALVES / MASTER VALVE / FLOW METER
CSSD P1	TREE PLANTING AND STAKING

CSSD S7	SANITARY SEWER SERVICE CONNECTION 100MM RESIDENTIAL SANITARY
CSSD S8	STORM SEWER SERVICE CONNECTION 150MM RESIDENTIAL STORM
CSSD S9	INSPECTION CHAMBER FOR SANITARY AND STORM SEWER CONNECTIONS
<u>CSSD S11</u>	TOP INLET CATCH BASIN
<u>CSSD S16</u>	WET DETENTION POND PLAN AND SECTION
<u>CSSD W2a</u>	WATER SERVICE CONNECTION SERVICE BOX
CSSD W2c	WATER METER SETTER INSTALLATION FOR 25MM SERVICE CONNECTION
CSSD W2d	WATER METER SETTER INSTALLATION FOR 50MM SERVICE CONNECTION
CSSD W2e	WATER METER INSTALLATION FOR GREATER THAN 50MM SERVICE
CSSD W2f	FIRE / DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE PIPING LAYOUT
CSSD W8	TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT BLOW-OFF FOR WATERMAIN










SCALE N.T.S.

0















MINIMUM PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS

CSSD R2

DRAWING NUMBER

REVISION NUMBER

0 SCALE

N.T.S.

NOTE: THE STRUCTURAL ROAD ELEMENTS SHOWN ARE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. ROAD STRUCTURE 1. TO BE DESIGNED BASED ON SITE CONDITIONS BY A QUALIFIED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.

APPROVED GRANULAR SUBGRADE SUBBASE UPPER LOWER STANDARD ROAD CLASSIFICATION COURSE #1 COURSE #1 DETAIL ASPHALT ASPHALT CSSD L1 LOCAL ROAD SECTION 50 CSSD CRu COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RURAL 35 40 CSSD CRe COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL 35 40 CSSD CRB COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL - B 35 40 CSSD CRC COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: RESIDENTIAL - C 50 50 CSSD CUB COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: URBAN - B 35 40 CSSD CUC COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: URBAN - C 50 50 CSSD CUP COLLECTOR ROAD SECTION: URBAN - P 50 50 CSSD AB ARTERIAL ROAD SECTION: B 50 50 CSSD A3 ALTERNATIVE DESIGN STANDARD 3: LANE 50 N/A



CITY OF COURTENAY

















FEBRUARY, 2016





















FEBRUARY, 2016
















1. FOR INSTALLATIONS SHOWN ON CONTRACT DRAWINGS WHERE WATER TABLE (AT SEASONAL HIGH) IS ABOVE BASE OF DRAIN ROCK, REMOVE 4mm DRAIN HOLE AND AND SUBSTITUTE GRANULAR PIPE

BEDDING FOR DRAIN ROCK. (COMPACT PIPE BEDDING TO 95% MODIFIED PROCTOR DENSITY). 2. REFER TO MMCD DRAWING WI FOR THRUST BLOCK DETAILS. 3. REFER TO CONTRACT DRAWINGS, SECTION 33 11 01 FOR DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS.

TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT BLOW-OFF FOR WATERMAIN

CSSD W8 REVISION NUMBER 0

N.T.S.

SCALE

DRAWING NUMBER

2017 NOVEMBER,

SCHEDULE 4 STANDARDS FOR SANITARY LIFT STATIONS



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS1			
INTRODUCTION1			
NTENT OF THE STANDARDS	1		
SANITARY LIFT STATION DESIGN CRITERIA	2		
1.0 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	2		
1.1 PUMPS 1.2 KIOSK			
1.3 PIPING/VALVE CHAMBER			
1.4 VENTILATION			
1.5 LIFT STATION TANK			
 1.6 EQUIPMENT 1.7 EMERGENCY BACKUP GENERATOR 			
1.8 WARRANTY			
1.9 WATER CONNECTION			
1.10 Site Fencing	6		
2.0 LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL DESIGN STANDARDS	6		
2.1 STANDARD LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION			
2.2 User Interface			
2.3 VFD STATION SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIFICATION			
2.4 ENTRY AND ALARM TEST MODE			
3.0 CITY SCADA SYSTEM			
4.0 COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN SCADA AND LIFT STATION	0		
1.0 GENERAL	1		
2.0 PRODUCTS	2		
3.0 EXECUTION	8		



INTRODUCTION

The use of sanitary lift stations is generally discouraged and the City must approve any proposal for a lift station prior to submission of any engineered drawings for a lift station. Lift stations are considered a "special case" and are to be designed by a qualified professional. The following will form the general design requirements for duplex lift stations categorized as small to mid-sized lift stations. For stations larger than 50 l/s, or that require more than two pumps, authorization must be obtained from the City on a case by case basis, and the following standards may not fully apply.

Unless documentation provided by the City of Courtenay along with a specific request for tender or request for proposal states specifically that a provision set forth has been waived, all provisions are to be satisfied.

The requirements set forth in these standards are minimum requirements that shall be applied universally by all parties performing services for and/or providing equipment to the City of Courtenay. This includes, but is not limited to, all component parts that may form part of package systems.

This document is part of a series of standards and as such should not be viewed in isolation of all other City of Courtenay associated standards which may modify and/or clarify the requirements set forth within this document.

The City of Courtenay may, on a case-by-case basis, and at the City's sole discretion, approve deviations from these standards.

INTENT OF THE STANDARDS

The <u>Design Criteria</u> are intended to provide direction to the Applicant and their Engineer on the elements required to be considered in the design of sanitary lift stations. It is intended to be used in conjunction with the MMCD Design Guideline Manual and the City of Courtenay Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw Schedule 1.

The <u>Supplementary Specifications</u> are intended to provide direction to the Applicant and their Engineer on the specifications that must be incorporated into building servicing contracts for the installation of new sanitary lift stations. The <u>Supplementary Specifications</u> are to be used in conjunction with the City of Courtenay Subdivision and Development Services Bylaw Schedule 2 and Schedule 3 and the Master Municipal Construction Document (MMCD).



SANITARY LIFT STATION DESIGN CRITERIA

- 1.0 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS
- 1.1 Pumps
 - (a) All sanitary lift stations shall be designed with a minimum of two pumps, each capable of handling the Peak Wet Weather Flows independent of the other. The pump that is furthest away from the inlet shall be supplied with a 4901 flush valve.
 - (b) Each pump must be:
 - capable of passing solids up to 75 mm in size;
 - equipped with hour meters;
 - easily removed for maintenance;
 - constructed to operate on a voltage based on HP rating as shown on the table below:

Pump Size	Approved Voltages
Less than 5HP	Single phase 240V / Three phase 208V
5HP – 10HP	Three phase 208V / Three phase 600V
Larger than 10 HP	Three phase 600V

(c) Motor cables, power cables, etc. shall be continuous from the lift station to the kiosk. Cables are not to be spliced. Only one power cable is allowed in one conduit.

1.2 Kiosk

All auxiliary equipment and control panels shall be mounted in a secure lockable kiosk adjacent to the station. The kiosk shall be located not less than 1.2 metres and not more than 3 metres from the station lid, with the controls section of the kiosk facing the wet well and facing north (where practical to do so.). The kiosk shall be founded on a concrete foundation, and should be made from powder coated aluminum, with a standard green finish. All kiosks shall be supplied with a rubber gasket between the aluminum kiosk and the concrete to prevent water leakage into the kiosk.

The electrical Kiosk shall be CSA Type 3R rated and fabricated from marine grade aluminum in accordance with the following Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure Kiosk Specifications:

- General Material Requirements: 402.3.1
- Connecting Hardware 402.3.2
- Fabrication Mechanical Requirements, General Requirements 402.4.1
- Welding 402.4.2
- Door Gaskets 402.4.4
- Kiosk Environmental Requirements, General 402.4.8.1
- Kiosk Fan and Heater Thermostat 402.4.8.5
- Kiosk Finish 402.6
- Electrical Kiosk shall be powder coated "Fence Post Green".



• Plan Pouch 402.9

The kiosk shall be fabricated with sufficient bracing to form a structure capable of withstanding transportation, wind, snow and ice loading. The kiosk manufacturer is responsible for obtaining structural and seismic certification from a professional engineer registered with Engineers and Geoscientists BC. Structural certification shall include recommendations for fastening methods.

The kiosk shall contain separate compartments for:

- pump control;
- service entrance and distribution; and
- fan and duct section, complete with isolated cable junction chamber vented to the atmosphere.

The kiosk shall be designed to contain:

- all control and telemetry equipment within the pump control compartment;
- an electrical service entrance that is complete with required appurtenances and components shall be arranged in a manner acceptable to B.C. Hydro;
- all power distribution equipment in the service entrance and distribution section, with exception to a 120/240 or 120/208V electrical panel which shall be mounted within the pump control compartment;
- an extra 120 volt receptacle within the pump control and service entrance/distribution sections;
- an automatic transfer switch in the service entrance and distribution section;
- a manual transfer switch in the service entrance and distribution section;
- a receptacle for mobile backup generator on the exterior of the kiosk;
- intrusion and fault alarm keypad and panel, keypad to be accessible, with equipment mounted within the pump control compartment;
- exterior lighting mounted to an overhead pole capable of illuminating the area around the tank lid to WorksafeBC required standards;
- a heater within each of the pump control and service entrance/distribution sections; and
- a digital clock.

The fan and duct section shall be isolated from the pump control and service entrance/distribution sections by means of a continuous weld.

1.3 Piping/Valve Chamber

All piping within the wet well shall be stainless steel or approved equivalent, and all stations shall feature an external separate valve chamber for valves and flow measurement equipment. The valve chamber can be either fiberglass or pre-cast concrete with suitable lockable lids with lift assist mechanisms as required.

Each pump discharge shall have a ball check valve or lever type swing check valve.



Each pump discharge shall have a plug valve installed downstream of the check valves.

Drain to be provided at floor elevation and floor to be sloped to convey inflow of water or sewage toward drain inlet. The drain shall include a backwater valve and p-trap to prevent sewage and gas from entering the piping/valve chamber.

1.4 Ventilation

Ventilation at each station is to be by forced air using a fixed speed fan that runs continuously. The minimum ventilation rate is to be 12 air changes per hour or higher if required for safety considerations. The fan shall be located in the kiosk and be sealed to the inlet blower line. The blower shall indicate failure on the control panel.

Each station shall have a minimum of one vent stack, and shall have odour control installed. As a minimum, the vent stack shall be equipped with an activated carbon filter capable of conveying the required air flow rate without excessive pressure loss: Calgon SweetVent or equal.

1.5 Lift Station Tank

The lift station tank to be of fiberglass construction.

Wet wells shall be designed with the following features:

- Include a benched bottom to direct all solids into the pump suction;
- Include surface access with a lockable, waterproof fiberglass or aluminum cover. Access hatches must include hydraulic assist and safe hatch;
- Provide access that is 200 mm to 500 mm above the finished grade to prevent vehicles from riding overtop of the structure;
- Contain aluminum (or fiberglass) ladder mounted so it does not interfere with the removal and installation of the pumps, etc. The ladder shall be designed to extend and lock least 1.0 metre above the tank access. Ladders mounts to be structurally sufficient to prevent puncturing of the tank wall, where mechanical fasteners are to be used, the wall shall be reinforced to provide sufficient capacity for the type and size of fastener. Integrated fiberglass ladders shall be fixed mounted to the fiberglass wall with appropriate reinforcing of the fiberglass as specified by the manufacturer;
- Contain a platform above the high water level float to permit wet well access wherever the total depth from ground level to wet well floor exceeds 2.4 metres;
- Include 1 base and davit complete with hand operated winch capable of lifting the pumps clear of the lift station (as per the City's Approved Products List);
- Include 1 base and davit for confined space entry. (as per the City's Approved Products List);
- Contain explosion proof lighting capable of illuminating the interior of the tank.

1.6 Equipment

All equipment must be CSA Approved and Work Safe BC compliant.



1.7 Emergency Backup Generator

All sewage lift stations shall be equipped with and emergency backup generator unless otherwise approved by the City. The generator transfer switch shall be of the automatic type. The generator shall be diesel fueled unless otherwise approved by the City. Diesel fuel tanks shall be base tanks integrated into generator unit by OEM, shall include double wall containment, and shall be sized to run the generator for at least 24 hrs continuously at 100% load. The concrete base to install the generator shall be provided with a spill containment structure to capture any spillage. The generator shall have a 1.2m clearance all around, and it shall be provided with a noise control package. Noise Control Package Specification for Generator shall be residential rated. Sound attenuation includes enclosure and exhaust muffler package. Sound attenuation system performance shall result in measured sound levels not to exceed 65 dB @ 10.7 metres. Design Engineer shall perform a load analysis with the sequence of motor starting in order to know the motor starting loads and the motor running loads. Such electric load calculations must be done in kVA units to account additional loads due to low power factor. The generator shall have a motor starting kVA capacity to limit the voltage dip to no more than 15% for any motor starting conditions. Such generator load analysis must be included in the engineering report. The generator manufacturer must be pre-approved by the City prior to design of the backup system.

The generator shall also come equipped with a permanently-mounted resistive load bank, with a full load that equals +/- 80% of the generator unit's full load capacity. The load bank shall also include the following specifications:

- Duty Cycle: Rated for continuous operation.
- Load Steps: 5, 10, 10, 25, 50, 100 KW
- Cooling System: integral with generator cooling system
- Sound dampening: integral with generator muffling system
- Operator Controls: Control Panel housed in a NEMA-type wall mount enclosure including:
 - Main Power ON/OFF Switch, Power ON Indicator, and Master Load ON/OFF Switch.
 - Load selection shall be provided by individual industrial lever-type toggle switches for on/off application of resistive load segments, one provided for each load step.
 - Auto Load Dump Circuit: A remote load dump circuit is provided as part of the load bank control circuit.
- Provisions shall be provided to trip the load bank off-line from a normally closed set of auxiliary contacts from an automatic transfer switch or other device. In the event of a utility failure, all load is removed.

Automatic Load Controller: Automatic Load step controller that maintains a minimum load on the generator set. The controller shall monitors the connected downstream loads and will automatically add or subtract load steps in response to overall load changes as to maintain a minimum load level on the generator set.



1.8 Warranty

All lift station components shall be warranted in accordance with the manufacturer's warranty, and such warranty shall be explicitly stated in a warranty statement (section) provided with the Operations and Maintenance Manuals submitted upon acceptance of the Lift Station by the City.

1.9 Water Connection

A 50 mm water service connection for cleaning purposes must be provided at the site. The service must include a dry standpipe and appropriate cross-connection control devices located in an above ground heated lockable cabinet. The connection shall also include an on/off ball valve and a 38mm quick connect cam-lock fitting. Cross-connection control devices must designed to be compliant with CSA standard B64.10-11 (Selection and Installation of Backflow Preventers/Maintenance and Field Testing of Backflow Preventers). RP backflow device shall be located in an above ground kiosk.

1.10 Site Fencing

1.8m black epoxy coated perimeter fencing is to be provided.

2.0 LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL DESIGN STANDARDS

2.1 Standard Lift Station Electrical Specification

All lift stations shall include at a minimum the following features and capabilities:

Manual pump controls	It shall be possible to set each pump into manual (Hand) mode. When in the manual mode the control of the pump shall be independent of (and unaffected by) the actions (or absence) of the controller or fail-safe pump control relays.
Motor type and starting	All pumps 10hp or larger require soft starting devices or are to be speed controlled via Variable Frequency Drives.
Controller	The station controller shall conform to the City of Courtenay Approved Products List.
Float Switches	Each station shall be supplied with a high level and low level float switch. These shall be either an ITT Flygt float level tree type (mercury) or an acceptable alternative as Approved by the City and CSA certified. Guides must be used for all float levels. The low level float is to be set at a level just above the pump intake. The high level float is to be set at a level no higher than the obvert of the lowest inlet pipe.



Fail Safe Operation	The high level float shall trigger operation of pumps, the operation of which shall be independent of the main station controller. The pump operation shall be wired to cease on either activation of the low level float or time-out of a timer relay. During normal operation the high level float will not be activated.
Level monitoring	Wet well levels shall be monitored using an ultrasonic sensor or pressure transducer connected as an analog input to the control unit. This level is to be used for pump control and shall be reported to the central monitoring station.
Programmable operation	Pump start and stop levels are to be programmable and set through the local pump controller HMI and via SCADA.
Pump supervision	Pumps shall be monitored, as a minimum, for stator over temperature faults, seal leakage and over current condition.
Flow rate	Flow rate data is to be reported by flow monitoring device.
Intrusion alarm for kiosk or building	Access to the electrical controls is to be monitored by a contact switch, and an alarm condition shall be generated when the contact is broken.
Receptacle for plug in of standby generator	Each station, including those which include local generator, shall be equipped with a receptacle for plug-in of City standby generator, mounted on the exterior of the building or kiosk within a lockable NEMA- 4X enclosure (padlock provided by the City).
Alarms	 The following alarms shall be generated and reported by the alarm system by way of a dedicated telephone connection. The alarms shall also be connected to the lift station controller to allow for annunciation through the City's SCADA system Intrusion Alarm Loss of Power High level alarm Low level alarm Pump monitoring alarms (leakage, high temperature) Generator Faults (if generator installed) Breaker tripped Float switch failure
UPS backup for controller and communications system	A UPS standby power system is required. The UPS must provide power to the controller for at least one hour in the event of a power outage.

2.2 User Interface

The user interface in a typical lift system consists of manual controls for emergency and maintenance purposes, and an electronic interface directly to the controller.



Manual Controls

The operator interface at this level shall be kept to a minimum. Auto/Off/Manual selectors for each pump are to be provided. These controls shall function independently of the controller. When in placed in manual mode the appropriate pump shall start. When placed in the Off condition the pump shall not start regardless of input from the controller. In Auto mode the pump is controlled by the controller. Pump run time meters shall be installed for each pump.

Status lamps are required as follows:

- One lamp indicating kiosk power
- One status lamp for each pump indicating pump run condition
- One status lamp for each pump indicating a failure condition

Controller Interface

Each station shall also include a station control Human-Machine-Interface (HMI), mounted in the door of the control cabinet. This control keypad is used to view and reset alarm status, and to configure the operation of the station. The HMI shall conform to the City of Courtenay Approved Products List, and shall integrate directly with the station controller.

2.3 VFD Station Supplementary Specification

All lift stations involving VFDs shall include the features and capabilities outlined above plus the following features and capabilities:

VFD	A solid state variable frequency drive, sized for the motors associated with the project, with inline load filters. Xylem ACS550 or similar.
VFD Manual Mode	The VFD shall be programmed to run the pump at an appropriate default speed in manual mode (when started).
VFD controller connection	Connection to the VFD is by analog output from the controller.
VFD output monitoring	The controller shall monitor and make use of the speed output, and current outputs of each VFD. These shall be made available to the monitoring system.

2.4 Entry and Alarm Test Mode

Each pumping station panel will have a key lock access to the control cabinet. A momentary springto-centre rotary selector switch shall be provided to switch to select between Test & Normal mode of operation. In Test mode the system shall behave as follows:

When momentarily switched to the "Test" position all normal alarms from the station will be acknowledged and disabled for 30 minutes, and a local "Test Mode" pilot light will illuminate.



In addition, a test alarm shall be triggered which will be treated as a low priority alarm at the SCADA system.

The station controller begins a phased monitoring of the situation, as described in the following table.

Phase	Description			
1	The input is activated by the test mode selector switch. Result: Work time begins (25 minutes).			
2		The input has been activated longer than the Work time. Result: Common alarm outputs are activated. Warning time begins. (5 minutes)		
3	Personnel acknowledge their presence within the Warning time. Result: Work time is restarted. Common alarm outputs are set to passive.	No acknowledge is received within the Warning time. Result: Personnel alarm is generated.		
4	The selector switch is momentarily placed in the "Normal" position, or the kiosk/station door is closed. Result: "Test Mode" pilot light extinguishes and station alarming returns to normal.			

3.0 CITY SCADA SYSTEM

City of Courtenay sewage pumping stations are to be compatible with a central monitoring system, planned for some future date. This section is provided to explain the requirements on all new lift stations in order to ensure compatibility with the planned SCADA system.

Key features of the planned SCADA system are planned to include:

- real time information regarding the status of stations throughout the municipality in order to efficiently respond to faults and other issues as they arise;
- limited remote control capability of the stations, which in certain cases may avoid the need for a site visit;
- historical information and other data that will assist with proactive maintenance activities; and
- historical information and other data that can be used to make informed decisions guiding future infrastructure development.



4.0 COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN SCADA AND LIFT STATION

Stations constructed pre SCADA system shall support the future installation of communications equipment. Sufficient space is to be provided in the kiosk for a lockable louvred/ventilated box that will contain transmitter/receiver and networking equipment. In addition, a 100mm underground communications conduit shall be stubbed out from the kiosk/building foundation to allow for a future installation of antenna.



Related Work

1.1

CONSTRUCTION SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIFICATIONS

1.0 GENERAL .1 This section refers to those portions of the Work that are unique to the supply and installation of prefabricated submersible sewage lift stations. This section must be referenced to and interpreted simultaneously with all other sections pertinent to the works described herein.

.1	Electrical	Division 26
.2	Concrete Reinforcement	Section 03 20 01
.3	Cast-in-Place Concrete	Section 03 30 53
.4	Aggregates and Granular Materials	Section 31 05 17
.5	Excavating, Trenching, and Backfilling	Section 31 23 01
.6	Sanitary Sewers	Section 33 30 01
.7	Sewage Forcemains	Section 33 34 01

- 1.2 Shop Drawing and Data Before fabrication, the supplier shall submit shop drawings to .1 Sheets the City for review. The submission shall include data sheets for all equipment to be ordered, along with a full drawing package for the electrical kiosk (external kiosk, internal layouts, wiring and controls diagrams)
 - .2 Lift station structural drawings, stamped by a Professional Engineer registered in British Columbia, shall be provided for the fibreglass wet well, the reinforced concrete base, the electrical kiosk enclosure and the anchoring systems for the generator, electrical kiosk and wet well.
- 1.3 **Requests for Approved** .1 Any requests for approved equal shall contain sufficient Equals documentation regarding the service organization which is available to back up the tendered pumping units. In particular, the service organization shall:
 - have been in existence a sufficient length of time to • have established a reputation which can be backed up with references;
 - have a number of qualified employees whose major • commitment is to carry out service calls; and
 - have a well-equipped local maintenance shop. •
 - .2 The Contractor shall also be prepared to demonstrate the availability of commonly required spare parts. If these are not kept in stock locally, the anticipated delivery period must be clearly indicated in the Form of Tender.



- 1.4 Commissioning Plan .1
- A commissioning plan should be provided to the City for review 2 weeks in advance of the scheduled commissioning.

- 2.0 PRODUCTS
- 2.1 Structure .1 Chamber:
 - .1 The main chamber shall contain the pumps and associated equipment and shall be a vertical cylinder.
 - .2 The shell shall be constructed of Fibreglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) and shall provide sufficient rigidity to resist deflection during installation and to resist pump loads and vibrations.
 - .3 The main chamber shall be reinforced with external reinforcing rings.
 - .4 Four (4) lifting "eyes" adequate for the entire weight of the completed station, including all installed equipment, shall be provided.
 - .5 Where inflow, discharge and ventilation lines, pass through the tank wall, the wall shall be reinforced.
 - .6 The connecting flanges shall be ANSI B-16.1, Class 125, unless shown otherwise on drawings.
 - .7 Color of the fibreglass interior shall be sanitary white. The exterior shall be dark green.
 - .8 Hold down lugs, complete with hold down bolts, shall be provided with sufficient strength to anchor the lift station to the reinforced concrete base, preventing flotation.
 - .9 The wet well shall be smooth and free of projections and pockets which could impede flow and collect sediment.
 - .10 An aluminum access ladder shall be provided as per Work Safe BC requirements. After installation of the complete lift station, all equipment shall be capable of servicing from the upper chamber.
 - .11 Electrical connection points shall be provided for the pump motors, light, and float conduits.



- .2 Physical Properties of FRP Fabrication:
 - .1 The material of all tanks shipped shall meet the following minimum requirements:

Property at 73° F.	<u>ASTM Test</u>	Value
Tensile Strength	D638	8,000 - 16,000 psi
Compressive Strength	D695	14,000 - 27,000 psi
Flexural Strength	D790	16,000 - 30,000 psi
Flexural Modulus	D790	1.0 x 10 ⁶ psi
Hardness (average)	D790	Barcol 40
Compressive Strength Flexural Strength Flexural Modulus	D695 D790 D790	14,000 - 27,000 ps 16,000 - 30,000 ps 1.0 x 10 ⁶ psi

.2 Fiberglass tank to be helically filament wound utilizing chemically inert ISO resins. The laminate shall contain at least 60% and not over 70% glass by weight. All FRP work shall meet or exceed the following standards:

C.G.S.B.	41-GP-22
A.S.T.M.	3299 and 2563-2.4
A.S.T.M.	D883-69

.3 The maximum load rating permitted on the top of the tank must be posted on a plaque on the inside of the lid. The plaque must clearly visible when the lid is open.

.3 Construction

- .1 Laminates shall be dense, without voids, dry spots, foreign inclusions, air bubbles, pinholes, or delamination and shall not be cracked or crazed. Such deficiencies shall be removed by grinding and replaced with hand laid matt and roving exceeding the amount removed. The fabricated unit shall have a smooth white inner surface and shall have a dimensional tolerance of plus or minus 6mm from design dimensions.
- .2 Bonded joints shall be made by wrapping with strips of fibreglass mat soaked in resin. The wrap material shall be at least as thick as the heaviest plastic section joined, and it shall extend to either side of the joint a sufficient distance to make the joint at least as strong as the pieces joined. Interior joints shall be coloured white to match the interior surfaces; exterior joints shall be of the same colour as the exterior surface.



- .3 The inside surfaces of bonded joints shall be sealed with one layer of mat and then coated with resin to a minimum of 2.5mm thick.
- .4 All exposed interior and exterior surfaces shall have sufficient resin coating 0.51mm minimum thickness, to avoid exposure of glass fibres.
- To prevent "flowing" of the final resin coat, it shall be .5 bonded by using "Veil" glass fibre.
- All cut edges and drilled holes shall be coated with resin so .6 that no glass fibres are exposed and voids filled.
- .7 Structural elements having edges exposed shall be reinforced with chopped strand glass mat.
- .8 The minimum tank wall thickness shall be 16mm and shall be externally reinforced to resist soil, bearing, hydraulic, and handling loads, both internal and external. Wall thickness to be increased as required to resist loading.
- .9 The resin used shall be a commercial grade and shall be evaluated by test of previous service to be acceptable for use in domestic sewage applications and suitable for installation underground throughout Canada.
- .10 Ultraviolet light inhibitors to be used on all external surface in accordance with resin manufacturer's instructions.
- Submersible Sewage .1 Pumps to be equipped with ANSI discharge flange. Pumps shall be a centrifugal, submersible, non-clog, bottom suction, Pumps capable of passing a 76mm solid. Pumps and motors shall incorporate the following:

Impeller: Cast iron.

Volute/Motor Frame: Cast iron, close coupled to seal chamber. Volute to be equipped with quick discharge nozzle to provide an automatic rapid and leakproof gravity lock type connection or disconnection from the fixed elbow. Sliding guide brackets to slide along guide rails.

Shaft: Stainless Steel.

Seals: Double mechanical seals (tungsten carbide to carbide upper and tungsten carbide to tungsten carbide lower).

2.2



Bearings: Anti-friction suitable for a minimum bearing life of 50,000 hours B10 life under operating conditions.

Fluid Operating Temp.: 0°C to 20°C.

Fluid Specific Gravity: 1.0

Fluid Type: Domestic Sewage

Fasteners: Stainless Steel (ASTM TYPE 316).

.2 Motors shall be CSA approved submersible squirrel cage induction type with Class F insulation and non-hydroscopic windings. Service factor shall be 1.0. Use EEMAC Design B. If higher starting torque is required for the equipment loading, use EEMAC Design C.

Pump motors shall come equipped with means of communicating seal leaks and over-temperature conditions.

.3 Power cables shall be factory-sealed into the motors and flush valve. They shall be of a type of construction acceptable to the electrical inspector. Cables shall be of sufficient length to reach the Control Kiosk without splices.

Power cables shall be equipped with a disconnect switch located inside the wet well, complete with lockout. Disconnect switches to be Meltric Decontactors or approved equal.

- .4 The pump motor nameplates shall be mounted in the Kiosk or Panel.
- .5 Pumps shall be painted with epoxy and equipped with sacrificial zinc anodes to provide corrosion protection.
- .6 Pump P2 to be equipped with Flygt Model 4901 Mix Flush Valve or approved equal.
- .7 Contractor shall supply the following spare equipment:
 - one (1) impeller
 - one (1) spare pump
- 2.3 Fixed Discharge .1 Fixed discharge elbow, quick disconnect type, with steel soleplate, lower guide rail holder and drilled for anchor bolts.



2.4	Lifting Chains	.1	Lifting chains to be Grade 80 Accoloy A8 material, rated with a working load of 1900 kg and shall be NAR approved for overhead lifting, finish to be galvanized. Chain length to be sufficient to connect between pump and chain hoist.
2.5	Guide Rail Assembly	.1	Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe c/w upper guide bar holder.
		.2	All fittings and connectors to be galvanized.
2.6	Ventilation Duct Work & Fan	.1	Inlet duct shall be provided for air blown into the lift station and a vent shall release exhaust air.
2.7	Lighting Fixture	.1	The wet well light shall be an explosion-proof, wall-mounted, LED fixture suitable for Class 1 locations, complete with globe and guard, RAB Type EB 123 or equal. Switch by General Contractor.
2.8	External Piping	.1	As per the Contract Drawings.
2.9	Internal Piping	.1	Sewage piping shall be stainless steel.
2.10	Plug Valves	.1	Plug Valve, c/w lever. Flanges to ANSI B-16.1, Class 125.
2.11	Check Valves	.1	Ball check valve. Flanges to ANSI B-16.1, Class 125.
2.12	Level Regulators	.1	Provide five ENM-10 Flygt level regulators to stop both pumps, start lead pump, start standby pump, high level alarm, low level alarm for 24 volt operation, each with sufficient cable suitable for the installation.
		.2	Provide one aluminum liquid level hanger, with wall bracket mount and flat switch conductor hooks for excess cable. Hanger shall also provide threaded strain-relief squeeze connectors for each level regulator.
2.13	Bolts	.1	All bolts, including those for the check valve and plug valve, shall be ASTM Type 316 Stainless Steel.
2.14	Access Covers	.1	Access covers shall be designed to allow removal of the pumps from the stations without removing or damaging other equipment.
		.2	Each cover shall be hinged and include hydraulic assist for easy opening with less than 225 N lifting force and shall be provided with a padlock hasp with a box enclosure to prevent vandalizing of the lock.

A brass padlock shall will be installed by the City at the developer's



.3

cost. .4 Each cover shall be provided with a positive means of locking open. .5 Safe-Hatch (or approved equal) shall be included to provide fall through protection. 2.15 Air Release Valve .1 Air release valve to be 50mm diameter NPT inlet, cast iron body, bronze mechanism and seat, stainless steel lever pins and float, designed for sewage, rated at 1MPa. Provide shut-off valve and back flushing facilities including blow-off valves and 3 metre long back flush hose. Equip valve and hose with quick disconnect couplings. 2.16 Floor Gratings .1 Fibreglass or Borden Type B aluminium Size No. 6 suitable for a bearing load of 5 kN/m², or 200 kg plus dead weight of one pump whichever is greater. 2.17 Miscellaneous .1 Aluminium: to ASTM 655. Metals .2 conforming to CSA G40.2-M1977; Type W with yield strength of 300 MPa, shop primed. .3 stainless steel ASTM Type A316 Stainless Steel unless otherwise noted. .4 Miscellaneous metalwork, including brackets, nuts and bolts, cables, turnbuckles, and eye bolts shall be stainless steel or aluminium. Sharp edges and weld splatter shall be removed prior to installation. .1 2.18 Pressure Gauge GIC #6211, liquid 100 mm diameter pressure gauge c/w snubber and isolating valve. 2.19 Hydrostatic Tests .1 Pressure piping within the FRP wet well and valve chamber shall be hydrostatically tested to a pressure no less than 1.5 x the shut off pressure of the lift station pumps. The test pressure shall be held for a period of not less than two (2) hours, with no leakage permitted. Sewage forcemains external to the lift station shall be tested in accordance with Section 33 34 01 – Sewage Forcemains.

Should any test disclose leakage greater than that specified above, the Supplier shall locate and repair the defect and retest



the section to ensure that the leakage is within the allowable limits.

- 2.20 Concrete Base and .1 The reinforced concrete wet well base and anchoring system shall be designed to prevent uplift of the fibreglass lift station assuming that the surrounding soil is flooded to finished ground elevation and that the station is empty. A minimum safety factor of 1.5 against uplift shall be used in the design of the base and anchoring system.
- 2.21 Power Supply and .1 As per Division 26. Controls
- 3.0 EXECUTION
- 3.1 Excavation and Backfilling
- .1 To requirements of Section 31 23 01 Excavation, Trenching and Backfilling.
 - .2 Start backfilling only after the concrete has acquired a suitable degree of strength and only after obtaining written permission from the Contract Administrator. No backfilling of walls shall take place before the slabs have been cast and have reached a minimum of 75% design strength.
 - .3 Use only the approved portion of the excavated material and other approved imported granular fill.
 - .4 Deposit backfill in layers not exceeding 150mm thickness, and compact to obtain 95% of Standard Proctor Density or otherwise indicated on the Contract Documents.
 - .5 Keep heavy compacting equipment away from structure by at least 1.5 metres. This portion shall be compacted using hand operated tampers.
 - .6 Make all fills and embankments to elevations, contours, and slopes shown on the drawings.
 - .7 Grade top layer carefully to smooth regular surface, with a minimum thickness of 100mm of topsoil, when indicated on the drawings.
 - .8 Allow for any settlement which may occur in order that the finished fills or embankments will be to the final grades as shown on the drawings.



.9	Excavate and remove all materials whatever their nature and
	condition to depths and dimensions necessary for the
	construction of the structure and piping to the limits shown on
	the drawings.

- .10 Furnish all equipment for construction, temporary supports including shoring, bracing, cribs, coffer dams, etc. and for dewatering.
- .11 Install and operate an adequate de-watering system for construction of the structures in the dry.
- .12 All equipment used for de-watering and excavation shall be of a suitable and rugged type to assure continuous operation.
- .13 Make special provisions to relieve the water pressure and prevent flotation or damage to parts of the works in case of accidental stoppage of de-watering equipment.
- .14 Where over excavation is required, fill with specified sub-base or lean concrete unless otherwise indicated in the Contract Documents.
- .15 Stockpile excavated granular material meeting backfill specification designated by the Contract Administrator. Save for re-use.
- .16 Notify the Contract Administrator for inspection and approval after the excavation is completed.
- .17 Do not place any concrete until the Contract Administrator has approved the depth of excavation and the character of the foundation material.
- 3.2 External Piping .1 To requirements of Sections 31 23 01 Excavating, Trenching and Backfilling, Section 33 30 01 Sanitary Sewers, and Section 33 34 01 Sewage Forcemains.
- 3.3 Concrete Work .1 To Section 03 30 53 Cast-in-Place Concrete and Section 03 20 01 Concrete Reinforcement.
- 3.4 Electrical .1 To Division 26.
- 3.5 Piping Installation .1 Pipe shall be adequately supported on adjustable pipe saddle supports or from pie hangers or brackets during construction and completion to prevent abnormal stresses being imposed on items of equipment such as pump flanges.



- .2 Valves shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- .3 Before installing bolted connections, pipe ends, and gaskets shall be absolutely clean. Gaskets shall be lubricated with soapy water and bolts with thread lubricant. Bolts shall be tightened progressively by the crossover method and not in rotation around the joint. Bolts shall be torqued to the manufacturer's requirements. Wrenches used for tightening bolts shall be in good condition and properly sized to prevent rounding of nuts and bolt heads.
- .4 During all stages of construction, piping shall be protected from damage from any cause. Openings in the piping system shall be securely covered, capped, or plugged to prevent collection of dirt, debris, or other extraneous matter during the entire construction.
- .5 Damaged work shall be removed and replaced with new material to the satisfaction of the City.
- 3.6 Pumps and Accessories .1 Locate discharge elbows on the sump floor at exact locations required so that guide rails which connect from them to the access frame will be in perfect alignment.
 - .2 Firmly anchor discharge elbows to the floor at their proper location.
 - .3 Install guide rails.
 - .4 Lower pumps on guide rail system until contact is made with discharge elbows. Ensure that system functions to give leaktight connection.
- 3.7 Start-Up .1 Lift station shall be completed, including work of other sections, before start-up.
 - .2 Start-up of equipment to take place in the presence of a trained representative of the Equipment Supplier and City. Copies of final operating and maintenance manuals shall be provided to the City at least two (2) weeks in advance of start-up.
 - .3 Set level and align all equipment to the complete satisfaction of the City.
 - .4 Carefully check the operation and controls of the equipment.



- .5 Notify the City when the operation and controls of the equipment are satisfactory.
- .6 Provide the necessary facilities for the City to check the operation of the equipment.
- .7 The Contractor shall make provisions for adequate supply of water to the wet well and forcemain for testing purposes. Testing will include checking performance of all pumps, floats, and controls. At minimum the following tests will be conducted.
 - .1 Pump Condition i.e. pump body, impeller running free, quick disconnect connection, cable connections, gaskets and oil level.
 - .2 Wet Well Condition i.e. pump sliding free on guide rails, pump cable with sufficient slack, floats suitably positioned and will not snarl, no cable splices or junction box in the wet well, well clean.
 - .3 Control Panel Condition i.e. components including motor overloads correctly rated for the pumps. Record over-load settings on schematic, date and sign.
 - .4 Start-Up Operation i.e. supply voltage suitable, pump rotation correct, operation of pumps by float switches HOA selectors lead pump selector overloads isolate associated control, alarm float.
 - .5 Pump Load Checks ie. load current on all phases for single and parallel pump operation, supply voltage under load. Confirm pumping rate and operating head.
 - .6 Alarm panel test to confirm all zones are correctly configured and operational.
- .8 Liaise with the Contract Administrator to ensure that the Design Engineer, the City, the Contractor, and the Equipment Supplier are present for the start-up and testing program.
- .9 The City will not take over operation and maintenance of any equipment until the work of all related sections has been completed in the area in which the equipment is located and all equipment has operated in its intended manner to the satisfaction of the City.



		.10	Cost of any temporary power costs for the start-up procedure shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
3.8	Protection	.1	Protect the work and material of all other sections from damage and make good all damage thus caused, to the satisfaction of the City.
		.2	Be responsible for work and equipment until finally inspected, tested, and accepted, protect work against theft, injury, or damage, and carefully store material and equipment received on site which are not immediately installed. Close open ends of work with temporary covers and plugs during construction to prevent entry of obstructing materials.
3.9	Cleaning	.1	Any dirt rubbish, or grease on walls, floors, or fixtures for which the Contractor is responsible must be removed and the premises left in first class condition in every respect.
		.2	De-water station wet well and remove all dirt and grit from bottom of station.
3.10	Maintenance Manuals	.1	Supply three copies of hard backed bound manuals with all the information required for maintenance, operation, parts catalogue and lubrication.
			The following information shall be included in the manual:
			 Table of contents. As constructed shop drawings. Equipment, layout drawings. Electrical, control, and alarm wiring diagrams. Normal and emergency operating instructions for all equipment. Maintenance instructions for all equipment. Safe work procedure for confined space entry into the wet well and valve chamber (to be prepared by a Qualified Professional). Equipment data sheets. Certified head/capacity curves for pumps. Equipment part lists.
		.2	Each section shall be separated from the preceding section with a plasticized divider with a tab denoting contents of the section.
		.3	Review all of these instructions with the City representatives before the commencement of the maintenance period.



General catalogues will not be accepted and bulletins must deal specifically with the equipment provided.

REFERENCE DOCUMENT 1 WORKS AND SERVICES AGREEMENT



TERMS OF INSTRUMENT - PART 2 COVENANT

(Section 219 Land Title Act)

Agreement Number: File Number:

THIS AGREEMENT is dated _____, ____, and is between

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF COURTENAY

830 Cliffe Avenue Courtenay, BC V9N 2J7

(the "City")

OF THE FIRST PART

AND

[name of Developer]

(the "Developer")

OF THE SECOND PART

WHEREAS

- A. The Developer is the registered owner in fee simple of the lands in the City of Courtenay legally described in Item 2 of Part 1 of the Land Title Act Form C to which this Agreement is attached and which forms part of this Agreement (the "Land");
- B. The Developer has agreed to construct and provide certain works and services as required by the City's Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw No. XXXX, 2017, as amended, in accordance with the drawings, standards and specifications attached to this Agreement and in accordance with the applicable policies of the City;
- C. The Developer has applied for the approval of a subdivision or building permit in respect of the Land prior to the construction and installation of the required works and services and has agreed to enter into this Agreement with the City pursuant to Section 509(2) of the *Local Government Act;*



- D. The Developer has agreed to grant and transfer to the City all its right, title and interest in and to the works and services required to be constructed and installed, and the City has agreed to accept such transfer of the works and services on the terms of this Agreement; and
- E. The Developer has agreed to provide *security* for *completion* of the works and services.

NOW THEREFORE in consideration of payment of \$2.00 by the City to the Developer and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is acknowledged by the Developer, the Developer covenants and agrees with the City in accordance with Section 219 of the *Land Title* Act as follows:

DEFINITIONS

1. In this Agreement:

"Accepted Drawings" means the specifications, design drawings and other plans for the Works as referred to in Schedule "A" of this Agreement that are sealed by the Qualified Professional, and accepted in writing by the Development Engineer.

"**Bylaw**" means the City's Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw No. XXXX, 2017, as amended or replaced from time to time.

"Certificate of Construction Completion" means written certification by the Development Engineer that the Works have been tested and are complete except for minor deficiencies specified in the certification, such that the Works are usable for their intended purpose, as determined by the Development Engineer acting reasonably.

"**Certificate of Acceptance**" means written certification by the Development Engineer under Section 5 of this Agreement that the Warranty Period in respect of the Works has been satisfactorily completed and ownership of the Works can be transferred to the City.

"Complete" or **Completion"** with respect to the Works means completion to the satisfaction of the Development Engineer evidenced by the Certificate of Construction Completion.

"Construction Costs" means the construction costs of Works and Services as estimated by the Qualified Professional and accepted by the Development Engineer.

"Developer" means the owner of land, or appointed agent for the owner, in respect of which a subdivision application or building permit application has been made.

"Development Engineer" means the person designated to that position by the City of Courtenay, or a designate.

"Warranty Period" means the period which expires on the later of one year after the date of issuance of the Certificate of Construction Completion and a later date established under section 5(c) of this Agreement



"Qualified Professional" means a Professional Engineer who is registered or licensed to practice in British Columbia under the *Engineers and Geoscientists Act*, who is responsible for the design, construction, supervision and certification of all Works on behalf of the Developer.

"Security" means cash or a clean, unconditional, irrevocable and automatically renewing letter of credit drawn on a chartered bank or credit union having a branch in the City at which demand may be made on the letter of credit.

"Works" means the works and services to be provided, performed and constructed by the Developer as required by the bylaws of the City or as otherwise required under statutory authority; without limitation, the Works include all the design and construction work described in Schedule "A" hereto, utilities and connections to be constructed on and off the Land, landscaping, environmental protection measures, provision of plans and registration of Land Title Office documents and plans.

DEVELOPER'S COVENANTS

- 2. The *Developer* covenants and agrees with the City:
 - a) that the Land shall not be used except in accordance with this Agreement; and
 - b) that until such time as all the terms and conditions contained in sections 3, 4 and 8 are complied with, the Land and any buildings or structures erected or placed on or to be erected or placed on the Land shall not be used or occupied.
- 3. The *Developer* covenants and agrees:
 - a) not to commence the construction or installation of the *Works* without first receiving authorization to commence construction in writing from the *Development Engineer*;
 - b) to construct, install and *complete* the *Works* in accordance with the *Accepted Drawings*, with this Agreement and all applicable enactments;
 - c) to obtain the prior written consent of the *Development Engineer* for any changes to the *Accepted Drawings*;
 - d) to comply with any changes to the *Accepted Drawings* required by the *Development Engineer* as may be necessary to satisfy the *Development Engineer* that the *Works* function and operate in a manner satisfactory to the *Development Engineer*;
 - e) to comply with all statutes, laws, regulations and orders of any authority having jurisdiction and without limiting the generality of the foregoing all bylaws of the City; and
 - f) not to deposit or permit the deposit of any material or debris upon any highway or lands of the City, and if any material or debris is left upon a highways or land of the City during or after the construction of the *Works*, the City may remove the material or debris at the expense of the *Developer*.



- 4. Upon *completion* of the *Works*, the *Developer* covenants and agrees:
 - a) to assign to the City all of its right, title and interest in and to the *Works* not located on the Land unless in a City statutory right-of-way over the Land, free and clear of all encumbrances;
 - b) to grant or cause to be granted to the City in registerable form all statutory rights-ofway reasonably required by the *Development Engineer* for the operation, maintenance, repair and replacement of the *Works* located on the Land, on the City's standard terms; and
 - c) to deliver to the City all final inspection and testing records and as-constructed drawings of the *Works* which drawings shall be prepared by a professional engineer in accordance with the *Bylaw* and good engineering practice and be in a form satisfactory to the *Development Engineer* before issuance of the *Certificate of Acceptance*.
- 5. The *Developer* covenants and agrees :
 - a) to repair any deficiencies in design, materials or workmanship in the *Works* that may arise during the *Warranty Period*, including without limitation any deficiency of which the *Development Engineer* gives the *Developer* notice in writing;
 - b) that if the *Works* are in any way defective or do not operate in a satisfactory manner, the *Developer* shall, at the expense of the *Developer*, modify and reconstruct the *Works* immediately so that the *Works* are fully operative and function in accordance with the *Bylaw* standards, provided that any modification has been approved in writing by the *Development Engineer*;
 - c) that the *Development Engineer* may upon written notice to the *Developer*, given before the issuance of the *Certificate of Construction Completion*, increase the *Warranty Period* to a period the *Development Engineer* considers reasonable, in consideration of the period of time that is required to repair any deficiency in the *Works* of which the *Developer* has been given notice, but in any event not to exceed three years;
 - d) that if the *Developer* fails to remedy any defect or deficiency in the *Works* or pay for any damage resulting from the installation of the *Works*, the City may deduct from the *Security* the cost of repairing the *Works*, remedying any defect or deficiency or paying for any damage, and Section 10 of this Agreement shall apply.
- 6. The *Developer* authorizes the City, its agents and contractors to enter upon the Land at any time as may be necessary or convenient for the carrying out of this Agreement, including without limitation for the purpose of inspecting, repairing or undertaking the *Works*.

THE CITY'S COVENANTS

7. The City covenants and agrees that:



- a) it will permit the *Developer* to perform the *Works* on the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement and to occupy and use municipal highways and lands of the City as necessary for the construction of the *Works* as defined on the *Accepted Drawings*;
- b) it will issue a *Certificate of Construction Completion* signed by the *Development Engineer* upon the *Developer* satisfactorily completing the *Works*;
- c) during the *Warranty Period*, the City will operate and maintain those parts of the *Works* which are within a highway, municipal easement or municipal statutory right of way in the same manner and to the same standard as equivalent *works* are operated and maintained elsewhere in the City. Any costs attributable to any deficiency or defect in the *Works* or failure of the *Works* to operate normally shall be the responsibility of the *Developer*; and
- d) it will issue a *Certificate of Acceptance* signed by the *Development Engineer* upon the *Developer* satisfactorily completing the repair or correction of any defect or deficiency in the *Works* during the *Warranty Period* and performing all other requirements of this Agreement, i, and providing all final inspection records, testing records and as-constructed drawings.

TIME FOR COMPLETION OF WORKS

8. The *Developer* will *complete* the construction and installation of the *Works* to the satisfaction of the *Development Engineer* and obtain a *Certificate of Construction Completion* by **[insert date]**.

SECURITY

- 9. As a guarantee for the *Developer*'s performance of all of its covenants and agreements contained in this Agreement, the *Developer* has deposited *Security*, in accordance with the *Bylaw*, in the sum of \$*[amount]* (the "Deposit"), which is equal to 125% of the estimated Construction Cost of the required *Works*, as certified by the *Qualified Professional*.
- 10. If the *Developer* does not *complete* the *Works* as required by Sections 3 and 8 of this Agreement, the City may, without notice to the *Developer*, *complete* the *Works* at the cost of the *Developer* and for that purpose the City may draw down upon the *Security* and hold or use the full amount of the *Security*. The City may undertake the *Works* either by itself or by contractors employed by it. The City shall be under no obligation to *complete* the *Works* and may undertake the *Works* in whole or in part, in the City's discretion as to extent and timing of *completion*.
- 11. If there are insufficient monies included in the *Security* to *complete* the *Works* in accordance with the *Accepted Drawings*, the *Developer* shall pay to the City the amount of the insufficiency immediately upon receipt of the City's invoice for that amount, whether or not the City has then completed the balance of the *Works*.
- 12. If:



- a) The *Developer* completes the *Works* as required by Section 3 and section 8 of this Agreement, and the *Certificate of Construction Completion* is issued by the City; or
- b) The City completes the *Works* in accordance with Section 10 of this Agreement at a cost which is less than the amount of the *Security*,

then the amount of the *Security* may be reduced by the *Development Engineer* to the sum of 5% of the *Security*, or \$1,000.00, whichever is greater, which amount shall be held by the City throughout the *Warranty Period* as *security* for the requirements in section 5.

- 13. The City shall return any unused part of the *Security* to the *Developer* without interest, not less than 60 days after issuance of the *Certificate of Acceptance*. Any return of *security* shall be made to the *Developer*, despite any change in ownership of the Land.
- 14. The *Development Engineer* may, not more than once in any three-month period, approve the *Developer's* request for a partial reduction in the amount of the *Security* as the construction of the *Works* proceeds, on the basis of a certification by the *Developer's Qualified Professional* that the portion of the *Works* to which the reduction relates has been completed to the standard specified in the *Bylaw* and in accordance with the *Accepted Drawings*, but not so as to reduce the amount of the *Security* below the amount mentioned in section 12. The *Development Engineer* may not approve a reduction under this section in relation to any portion of the *Works* in respect of which the *Development Engineer* has advised the *Developer* of a deficiency that has not been satisfactorily repaired.
- 15. If the City undertakes all or part of the *Works*, the cost of completing the *Works* which is payable by the *Developer* includes the City's actual cost of the construction and installation of them, together with engineering, supervision, legal, survey, contract administration, tendering, other professional services, interest and all other costs reasonably required for *completion* of the *Works*.

STANDARD OF THE WORKS

16. The *Developer* will construct and install or secure the *Works* to the standard required in the Engineering Divisions Design Standards and Specifications contained in the *Bylaw* and to the satisfaction of the *Development Engineer*.

DEVELOPER'S QUALIFIED PROFESSIONALS

- 17. The *Developer* represents and warrants that the *Works* have been, or will be, designed by a *Qualified Professional*.
- 18. The *Developer* acknowledges that the City has relied on cost estimates prepared by one or more *Qualified Professionals* in establishing the amount of the *Security* and that the *Developer* has so advised the *Qualified Professionals* prior to submission of those estimates to the City by the *Developer*.
- 19. At all times during the construction and provision of the *Works*, the *Developer* shall retain one or more *Qualified Professionals* to oversee the *completion* of the *Works*.



- 20. Any explanations, orders, instructions, directions and requests given by the City to the *Qualified Professional* shall be deemed to have been given to the *Developer*.
- 21. Upon *completion* of the *Works* and prior to issuance of the *Certificate of Construction Completion,* the *Developer's Qualified Professional* shall certify in writing that the *Works* have been constructed in accordance with the *Accepted Drawings*.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

- 22. The *Developer* shall indemnify and save harmless the City, its officers, employees, Council members, contractors and agents:
 - a) against all expenses and costs incurred as a result of bodily injury, death, property loss, property damage or other loss arising from the construction or provision of the *Works*;
 - b) against all expenses and costs which may be incurred by reason of liens, nonpayment for labour or materials, Workers' Compensation assessments, employment insurance, federal or provincial tax, or union dues check off in respect of the construction or provision of the *Works*; and
 - c) from any claims, actions or proceedings relating to the construction, provision, maintenance or repair of the *Works* by the *Developer*, including defects in the *Works* and non-repair of the *Works*.

This indemnity shall survive any conclusion or other termination of this Agreement, in relation to any matter arising prior to expiry of the *Warranty Period*.

- 23. The *Developer* shall take out and maintain at all times from commencement of construction and installation of the *Works* until the *Development Engineer* issues a *Certificate of Acceptance*:
 - a) comprehensive general liability insurance against claims for bodily injury (including death) and property damage or loss arising from its carrying out the construction and installation of the *Works* (including failure to properly carry out or negligence in carrying out the *Works*), in an amount of not less than \$5,000,000.00 combined single limit per claim and with a per claim deductible of not more than \$5,000.00; and
 - b) builder's risk insurance, insuring the *Works* against loss or damage to the full replacement cost of the *Works*, and if the City elects to *complete* the *Works* as provided in this Agreement, the *Developer* is conclusively considered to have assigned the benefit of that insurance, and all proceeds of it, to the City.

The *Developer* must provide the *Development Engineer* with proof in writing of insurance before commencing the *Works* and again before the issuance of any *Certificate of Construction Completion*. All policies of insurance must name the City as an additional insured and contain a provision requiring the insurer to give the City 30 days' prior written notice before any alteration or cancellation of the policy is effective.



MISCELLANEOUS

- 24. Nothing in this Agreement shall exempt the *Developer* of the Lands from the ordinary jurisdiction of the council of the City, its *bylaws* and regulations, and without limitation the construction of the *Works* shall not confer directly or indirectly any exemption or right of set-off from development cost charges, connection fees, application fees, user fees or other fee charge, except as statutorily required.
- 25. Where the singular or masculine is used in this Agreement it will be construed as the plural or feminine or neuter, as the case may be, and vice versa where the context or the parties so require.
- 26. This Agreement will be binding upon and will enure to the benefit of the parties, their successors and assigns.
- 27. The headings in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and do not define or limit the scope or intent of this Agreement.
- 28. The Schedules to this Agreement form part of this Agreement.
- 29. The *Developer* acknowledges and agrees that the *Developer* relies exclusively on its own expertise, the *Developer*'s *Qualified Professionals* and contractors and that the City does not, by its approvals, inspections or acceptance of the *Works*, warrant or represent that the *Works* are in compliance with any enactment or warrant the quality, fitness for purpose, adequacy or safety of the *Works*.
- 30. The *Developer* acknowledges that the City has made no representations, covenants, warranties, guarantees, promises or agreement with the *Developer* with regard to the subject matter of this Agreement, other than those in this Agreement.
- 31. The *Developer*'s obligations and rights under this Agreement shall not be assigned without the written consent of the City, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.
- 32. Every obligation and covenant of the *Developer* in this Agreement constitutes both a contractual obligation and a covenant granted under s.219 of the *Land Title Act* in respect of the Land and this Agreement burdens the Land and runs with it and binds the successors in title to the Land. This Agreement burdens and charges all of the Land and any parcel into which the Land is subdivided by any means and any parcel into which the Land is consolidated (including by removal of interior parcel boundaries) and shall be extended, at the *Developer*'s cost, to burden and charge any land consolidated with the Land.
- 33. The Developer will, at the Developer's expense, do or cause to be done all acts reasonably necessary to register this Agreement against title to the Land with priority over all financial charges, liens and encumbrances registered or pending registration at the time of application for registration of this agreement against the title to the Land.



- 34. An alleged waiver of any breach of this Agreement is effective only if it is an express waiver in writing of the breach in respect of which the waiver is asserted. A waiver of a breach of this Agreement does not operate as a waiver of any other breach of this Agreement.
- 35. If any part of this Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable by a court having the jurisdiction to do so, that part is to be considered to have been severed from the rest of this Agreement and the rest of this Agreement remains in force unaffected by that holding or by the severance of that part.
- 36. This Agreement binds the parties to it and their respective successors, heirs, executors and administrators.
- 37. The parties hereto shall execute and do all such further deeds, acts, things and assurances that may be reasonably required to carry out the intent of this Agreement.
- 38. Time is of the essence of this Agreement.
- 39. Any notice to be given pursuant to this agreement must be in writing and delivered personally or sent by registered mail. The addresses of the parties for the purpose of notice are the addresses on the first page of this agreement and in the case of any subsequent *Developer*, the address will be the address shown on the title to the Land in the Land Title Office. If notice is delivered personally, it may be left at the relevant address in the same manner as ordinary mail is left by Canada Post and is to be deemed given when delivered. If notice is sent by mail, it will be considered given 5 days after mailing. In the case of any strike or other event causing disruption of ordinary Canada Post operations, a party giving notice for the purposes of this agreement must do so by delivery as provided in this section. A party may change its address for the purposes of this section by giving notice in accordance with this section.
- 40. By executing and delivering this Agreement each of the parties intends to create both a contract and a deed executed and delivered under seal.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

SIGNED by an authorized signatory of:)	
"The Developer"		
)	
)	
in the presence of)	
)	
)	
Witness:) Name of Dev	veloper
SIGNED by the authorized)	
•)	
signatories of THE))) Name	
signatories of THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY	,	
signatories of THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY))) Name) Mayor)	
SIGNED by the authorized signatories of THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF COURTENAY	,	
signatories of THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY	,	



Schedule "A" – Description of Required Works



Schedule "B" – Calculation of Security